

# In-medium properties of hadrons



## Introduction & Motivation



## Mesons in the medium

- ' $\sigma$ '-meson - pion pairs in the medium
- $\omega$ -mesons in the medium



## Nucleon resonances in the medium

- The  $\Delta(1232)$  resonance
- The second resonance region



# Partial restoration of chiral symmetry

- temperature and density dependence of chiral condensate

(Nambu, Jona-Lasinio model)

M. Lutz, S. Klimt, W. Weise,

Nucl. Phys. A542 (1992) 521

- effects on in-medium hadron properties

- Brown-Rho scaling of masses:

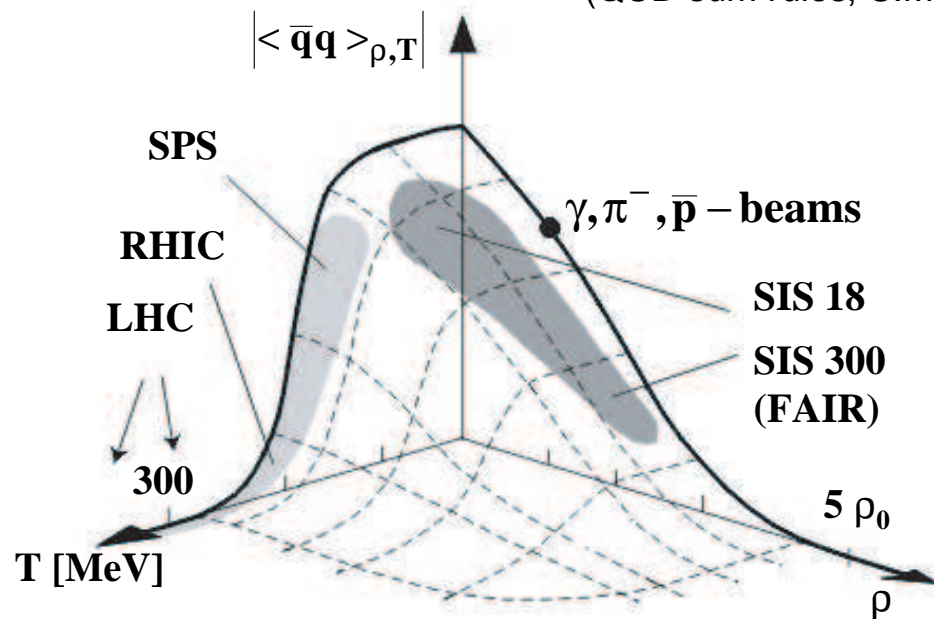
$$m_{\sigma,\rho,\omega}^*/m_{\sigma,\rho,\omega} \approx m_N^*/m_N \approx f_\pi^*/f_\pi$$

(G.E. Brown, M. Rho, PRL 66 (1991)2720)

- density scaling of meson masses:

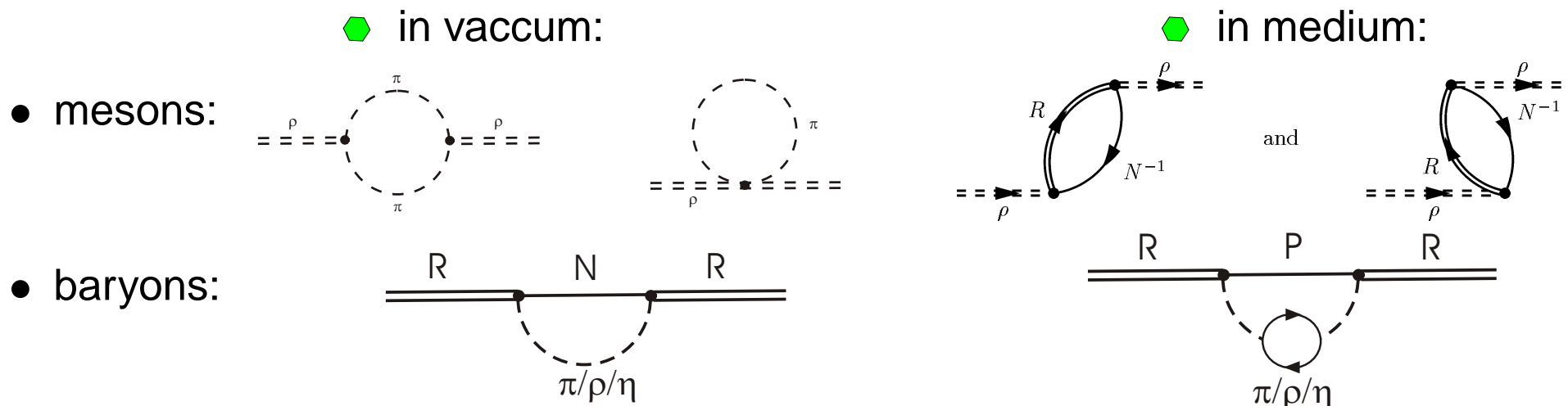
$$m_{\sigma,\rho}^* = m_{\sigma,\rho} \left(1 - \alpha_{\sigma,\rho} \frac{\rho N}{\rho_0}\right) \quad \alpha \approx 0.2$$

(QCD sum rules, C.M.Ko; lin. sigma model, Hatsuda et al.)



# Coupling of mesons to resonance-hole states

- well known example: coupling of pion to  $\Delta$ -hole states  $\rightarrow$  in-medium properties of  $\Delta$
  - self-consistent calculation of meson and nucleon resonance spectral functions from coupling to resonance-hole states (Peters et al. NPA632((1998)109, Post et al., nucl-th/0309085)
- meson and baryon self-energies from diagrams like:

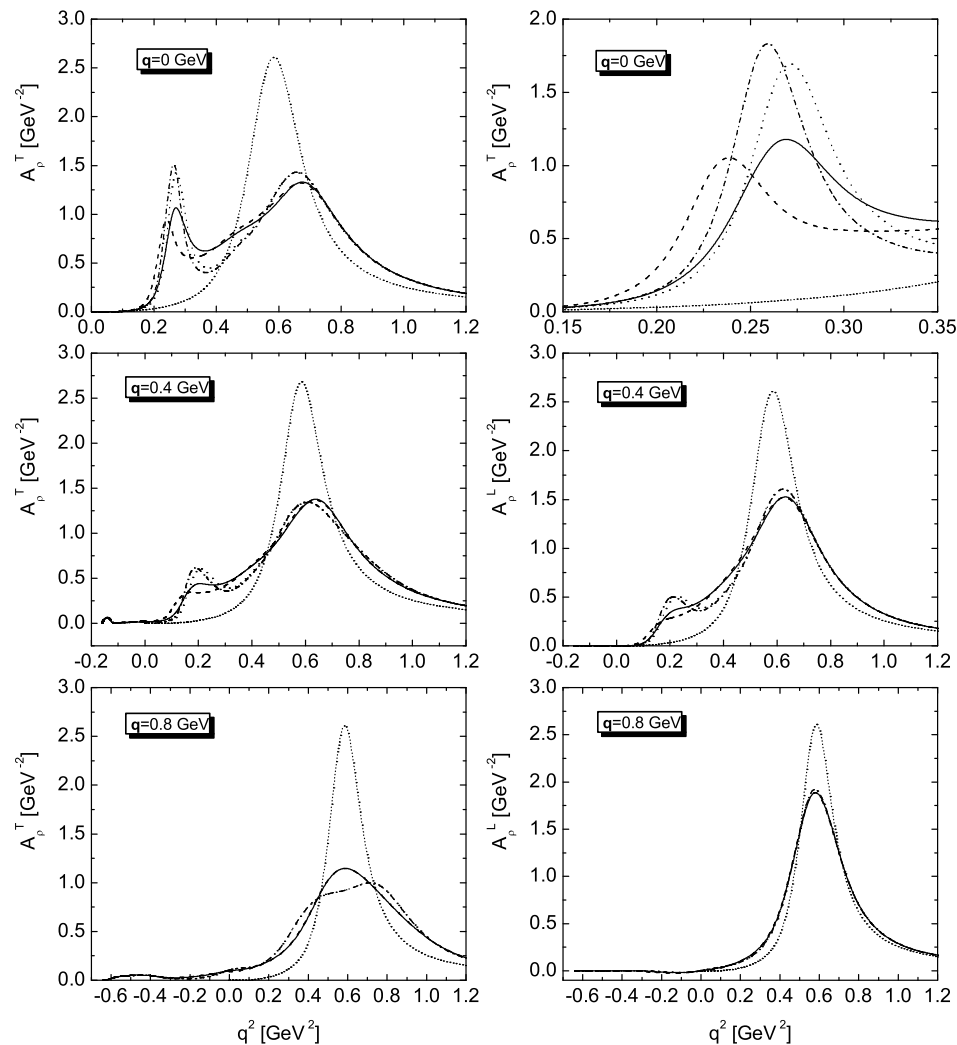


◆ In-medium spectral functions:

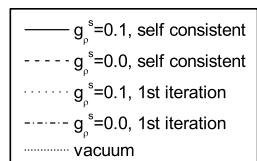
- mesons:  $\mathcal{A}_M^{med}(q) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \mathcal{I}m \frac{1}{q^2 - m_M^2 - \Pi_{vac}(q) - \Pi_M(q)}$
- baryons:  $\rho^{med}(k) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \mathcal{I}m \frac{1}{k^2 - m_R^2 - \Sigma_{med}(k)}$

# in-medium spectral functions of the $\rho$ -meson

◆  $\rho$  spectral functions: (M. Post et al., nucl-th/0309085)



transverse

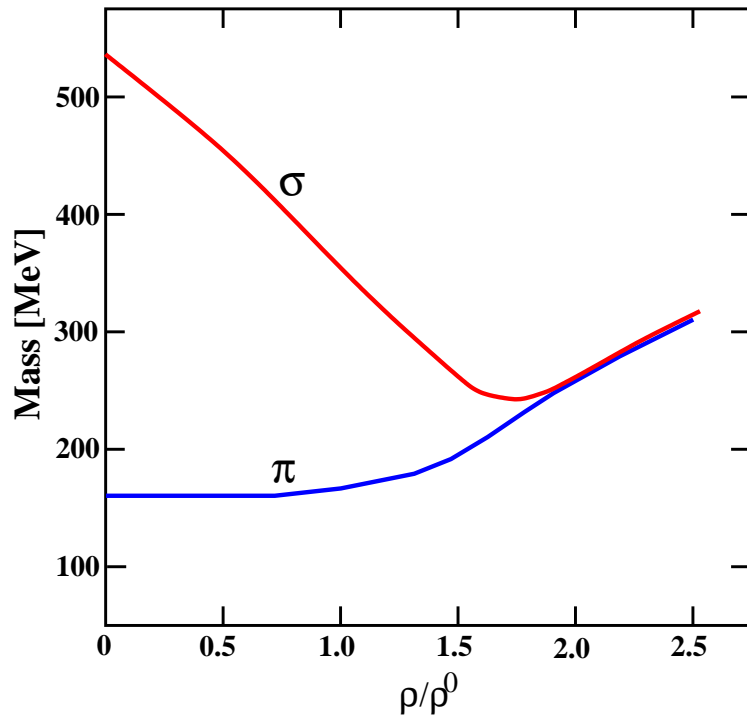


longitudinal

- ◆ at low momenta pronounced double-bump structure from s-wave coupling to the  $D_{13}(1520)$  ( $3/2^- \rightarrow 1/2^+ + 1^-$ )
- ◆ around  $q=400$  MeV: influence of  $D_{13}$  reduced, onset of broadening due to p-wave coupling of higher lying resonances ( $F_{35}(1905)$ ,  $P_{13}(1720)$ )
- ◆ around  $q=800$  MeV: broadening of transverse part due to p-wave coupling of higher lying resonances, almost no broadening of longitudinal part (does not couple to p-waves, coupling to s-waves small at large  $q$ )

# mesons in matter: the ' $\sigma$ ' and partial chiral symmetry restoration

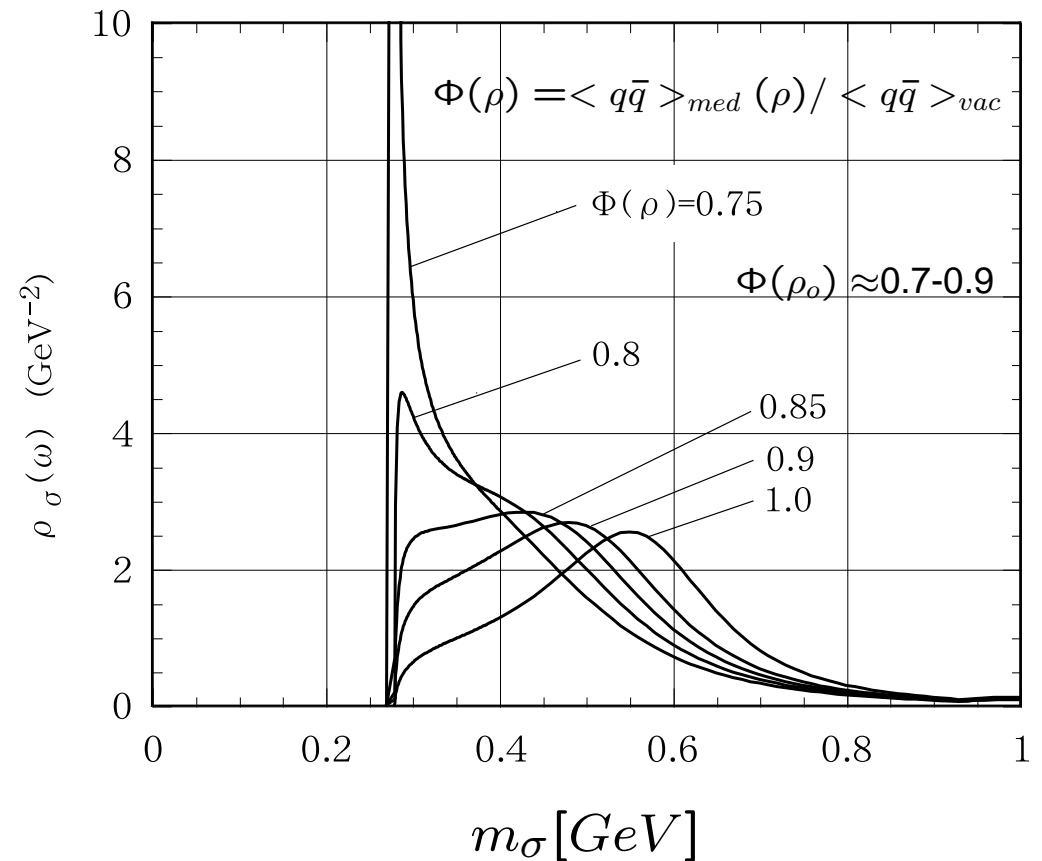
- predicted dependence of  $\sigma$ -mass on density (V.Bernard et al.):



- masses of chiral partners degenerate in chiral limit  

$$m_\sigma = m_{\sigma_0}(1 - \alpha\rho/\rho_0)$$

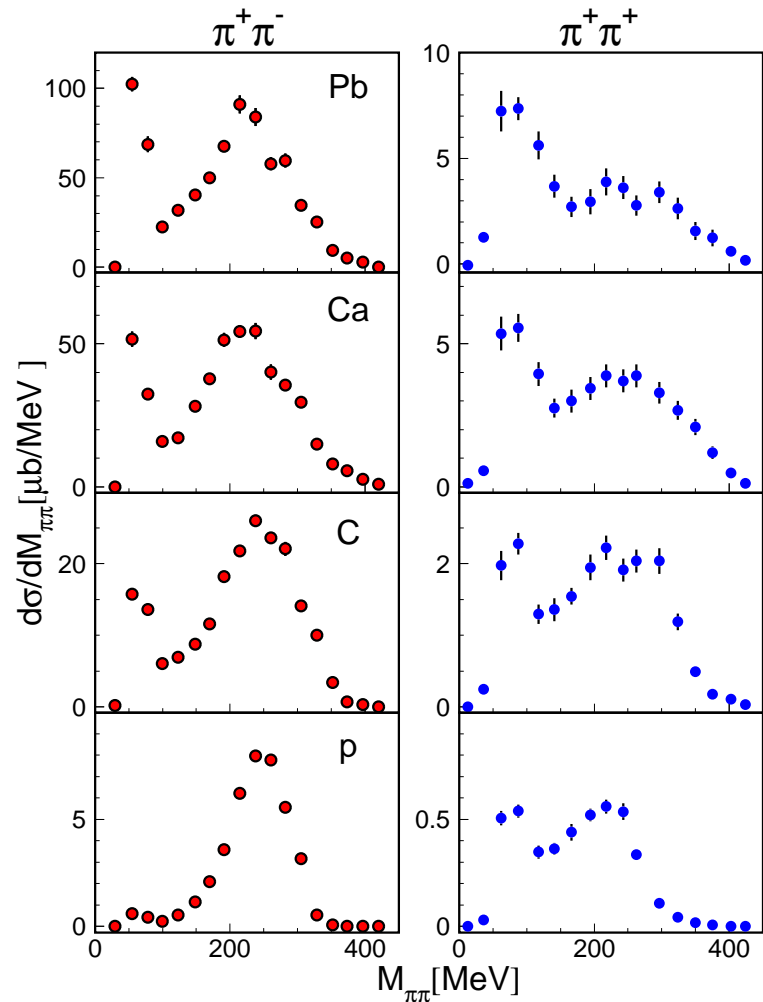
- $\sigma$  spectral function, expected effects on  $\sigma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0, \pi^+\pi^-$  (Schuck et al., Hatsuda et al., Rapp et al.)



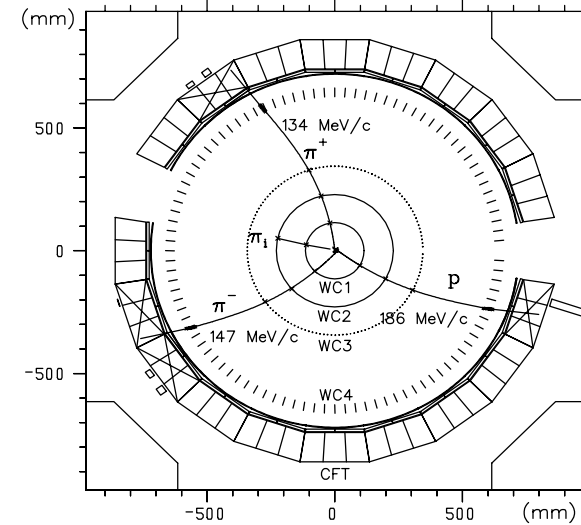
# first experimental 'evidence': $\pi A \rightarrow A' \pi \pi$ studied at CHAOS

- invariant mass distributions for  $\pi^+ \pi^-$  and  $\pi^+ \pi^+$  final states:

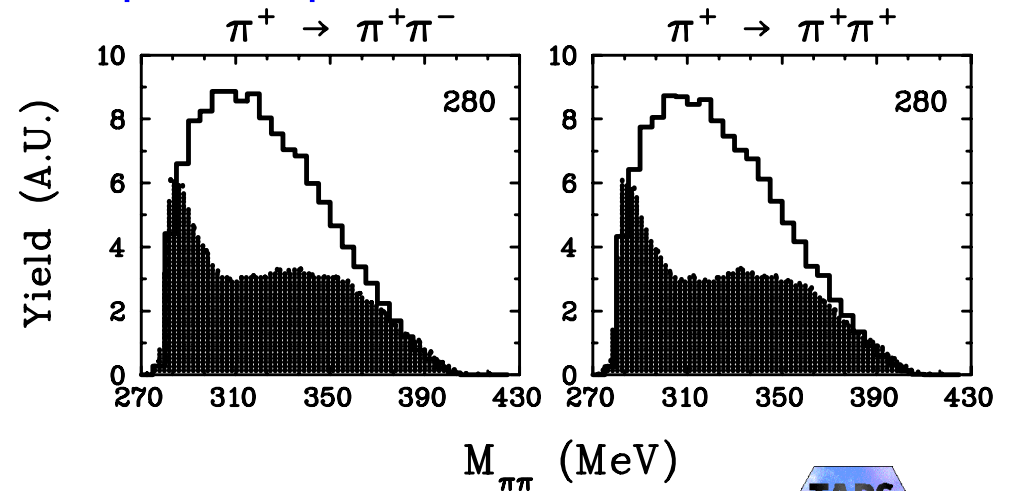
(Bonutti et al.)



- The CHAOS setup



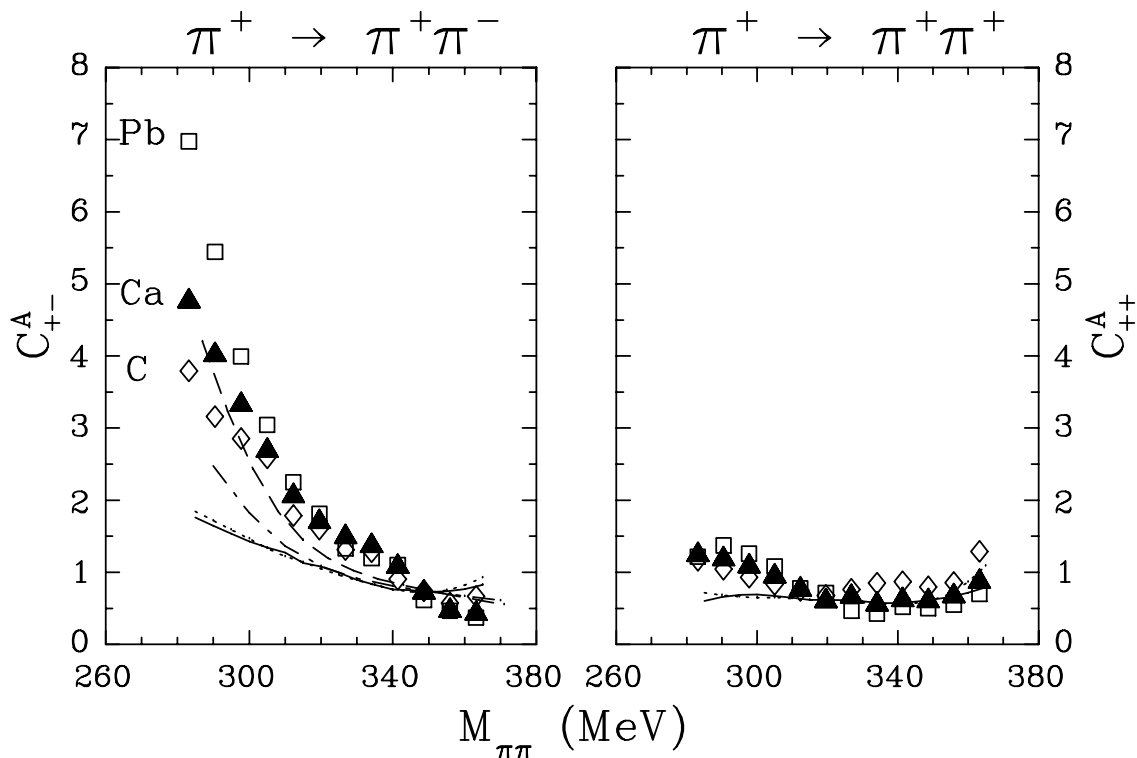
- phase space seen with CHAOS



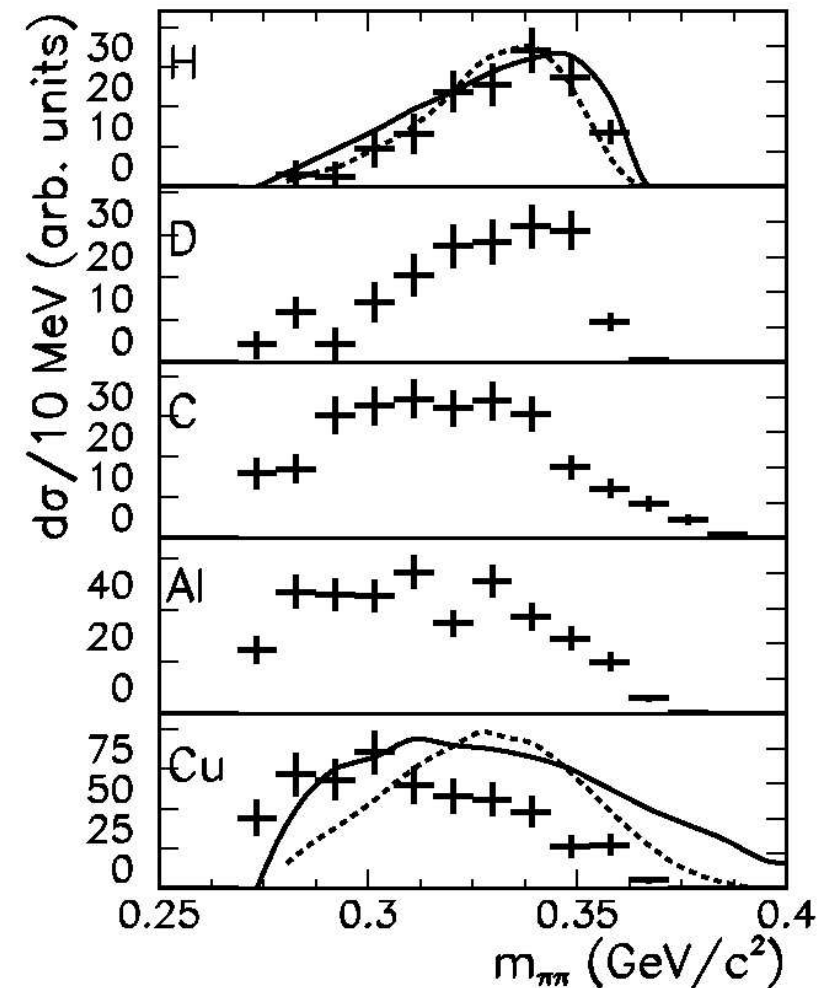
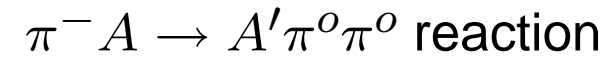
# pion induced double $\pi$ production: results

- ◆ **CHAOS collaboration:**(Bonutti et al.)  
 composite ratio:

$$C^A \equiv \left( \frac{d\sigma}{dm} / \sigma \right)_A / \left( \frac{d\sigma}{dm} / \sigma \right)_p$$



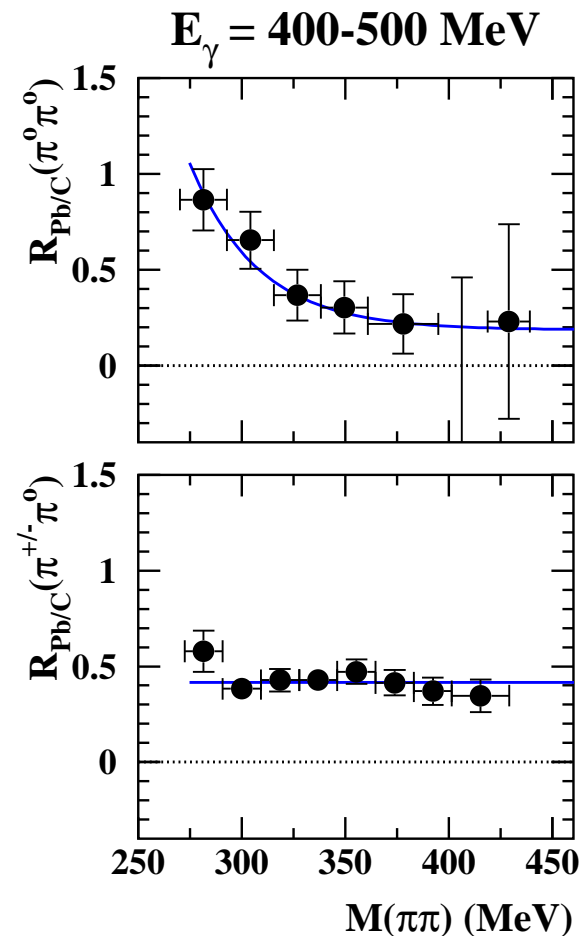
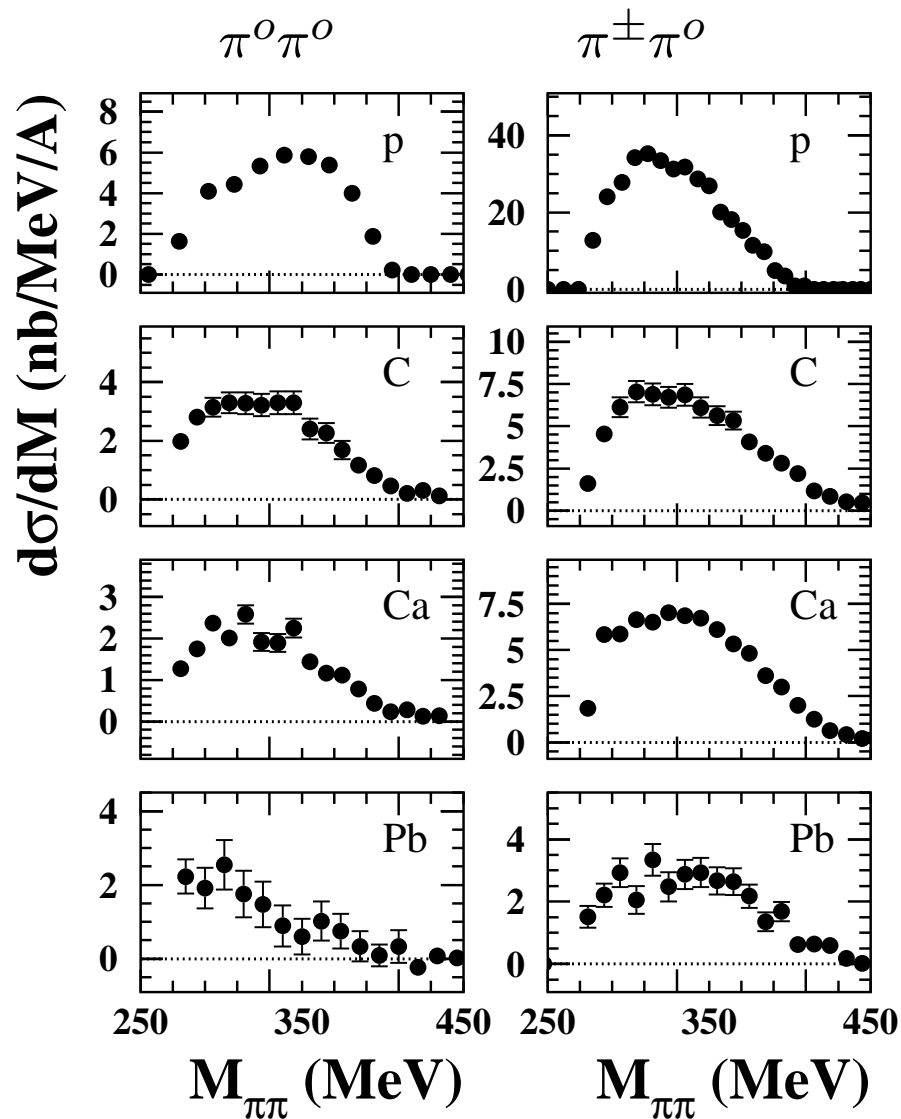
- ◆ **Crystal Ball@BNL:** (S. Starostin et al.)



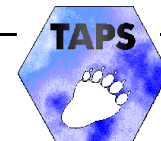
# photon induced double $\pi$ production: results (TAPS)

invariant mass distributions  $\pi^0\pi^0$  and  $\pi^\pm\pi^0$ :

Ratio:  $R_{Pb/C} \equiv (12 \frac{d\sigma}{dm})_{Pb} / (208 \frac{d\sigma}{dm})_C$



mass shift with increasing mass A only for  $\pi^0\pi^0$





# photoproduction of $\omega$ -mesons from nuclei

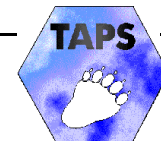
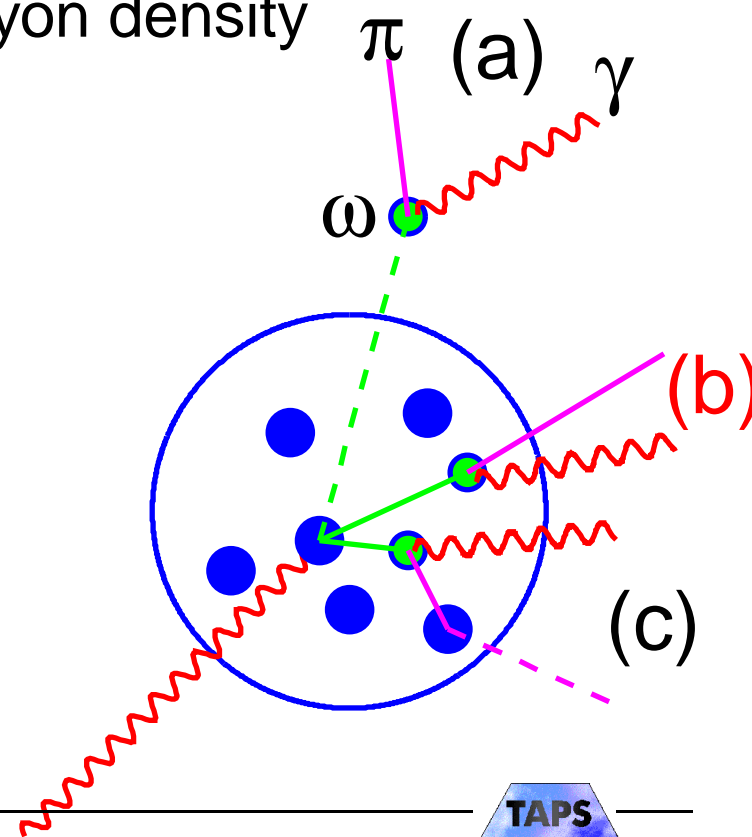


study of  $\omega$  mesons in (dense) nuclear matter is planned for heavy ion reactions via the Dalitz decay of the  $\omega$  (HADES@GSI)



TAPS/Crystal Barrel@Bonn experiments for photoproduction of  $\omega$  mesons in normal dense nuclear matter

- no complications from rapidly varying baryon density
- $\omega$  identified via  $\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma$ 
  - much larger branching ratio  
(8.5 % for  $\pi^0 \gamma$ ,  $7 \times 10^{-5}$  for  $e^+ e^-$ )
  - almost no background from broad  $\rho$ -meson  
( $\pi^0 \gamma$  branching  $8 \times 10^{-4}$ )
- but: complication from FSI of  $\pi^0$ -meson



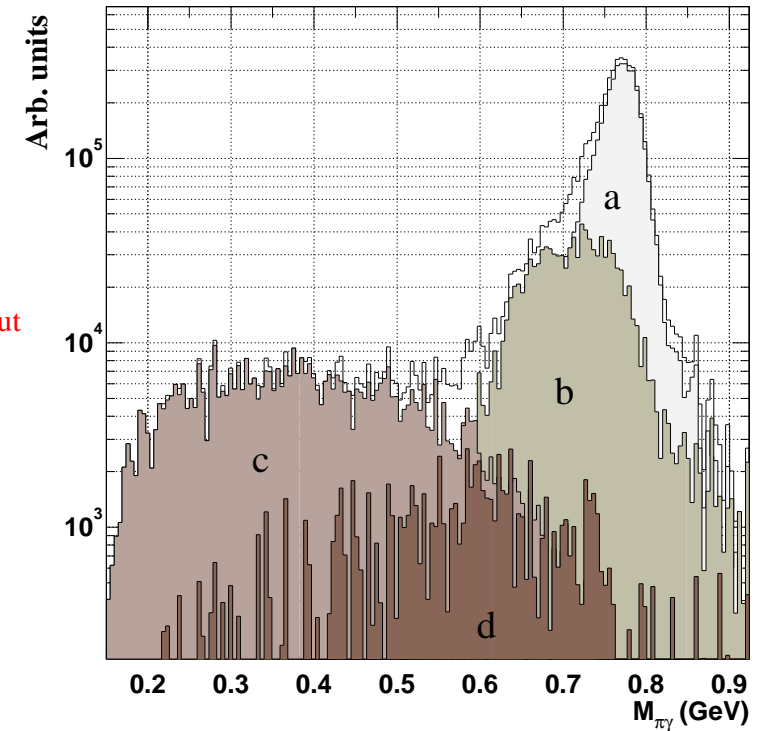
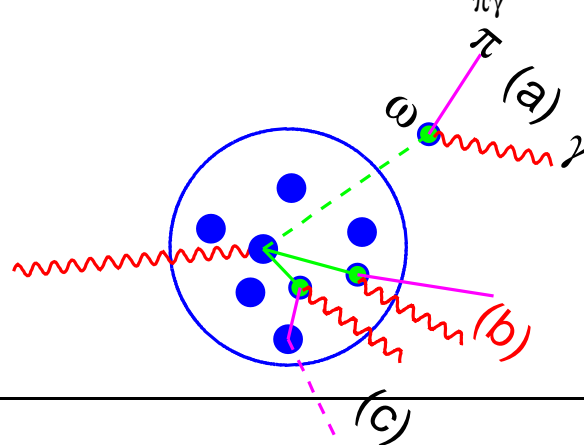
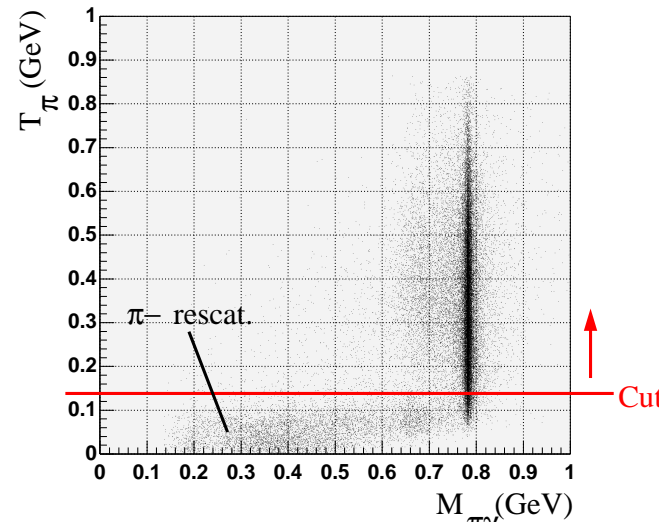
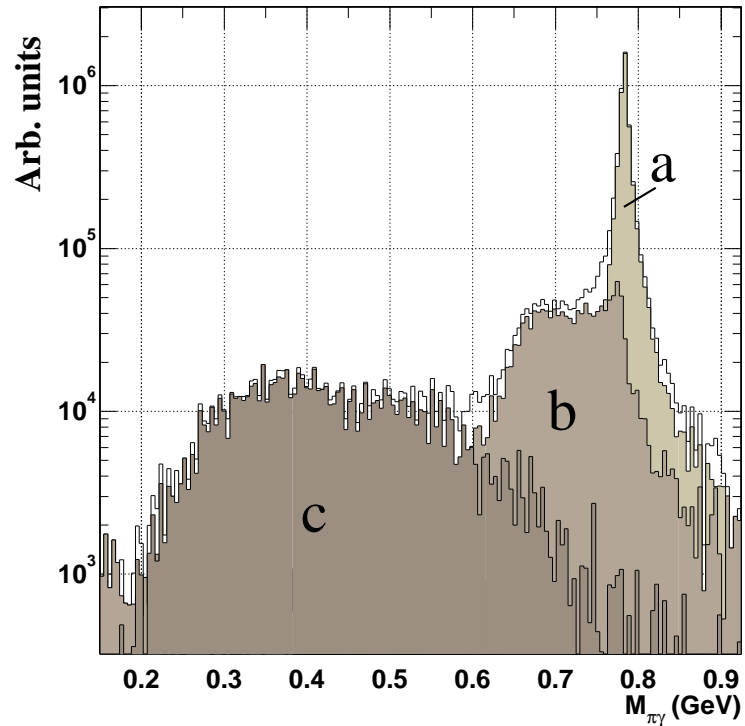
# photoproduction of $\omega$ -mesons from nuclei - simulation

(J.G. Messchendorp et al.)

- simulation with transport model including predicted  $\omega$  in-medium spectral function:

- re-scattered pions suppressed with cuts on kinematics

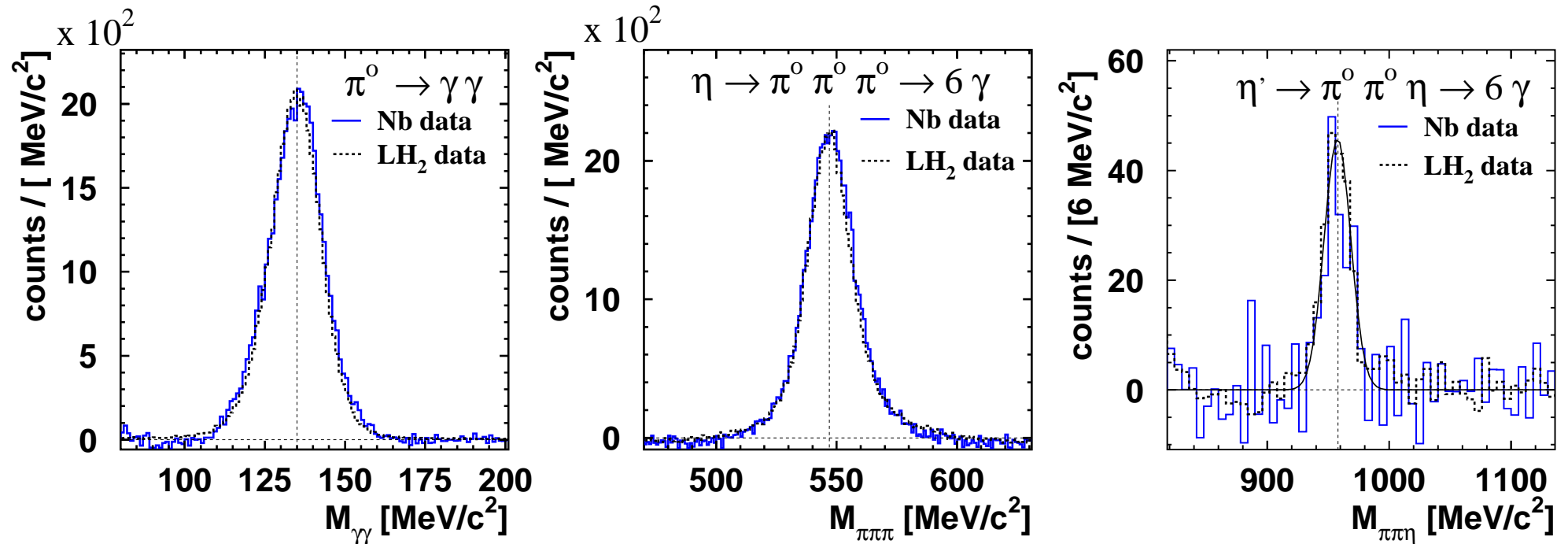
- including instrumental resolution and  $2\pi^0$  background



# invariant mass distributions: $\pi^0$ , $\eta$ , $\eta'$

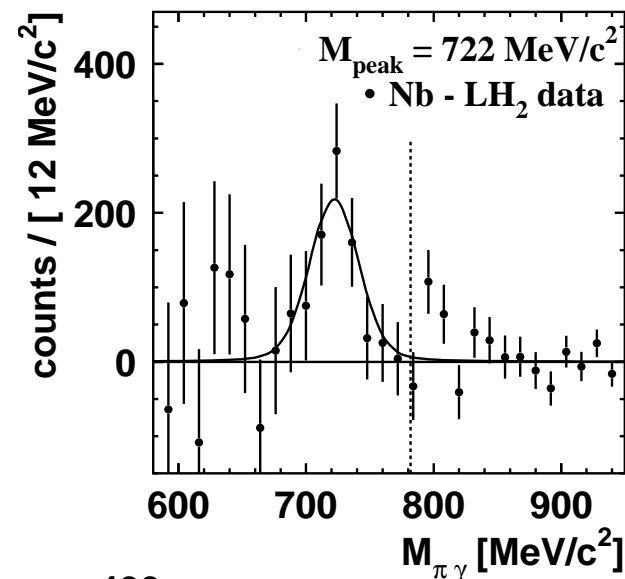
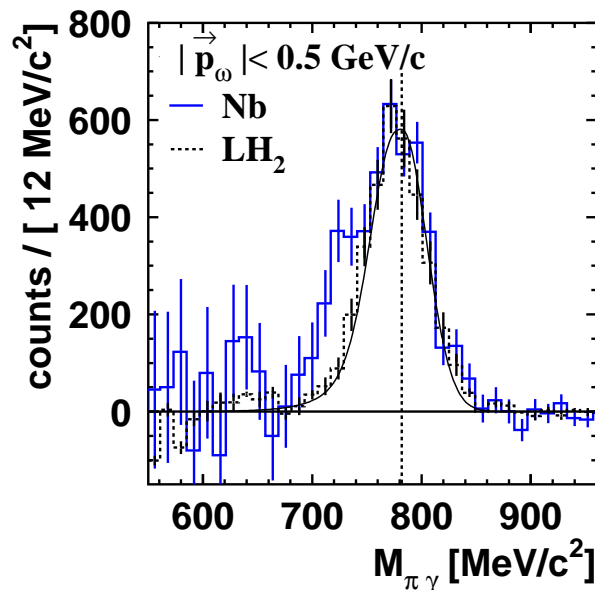
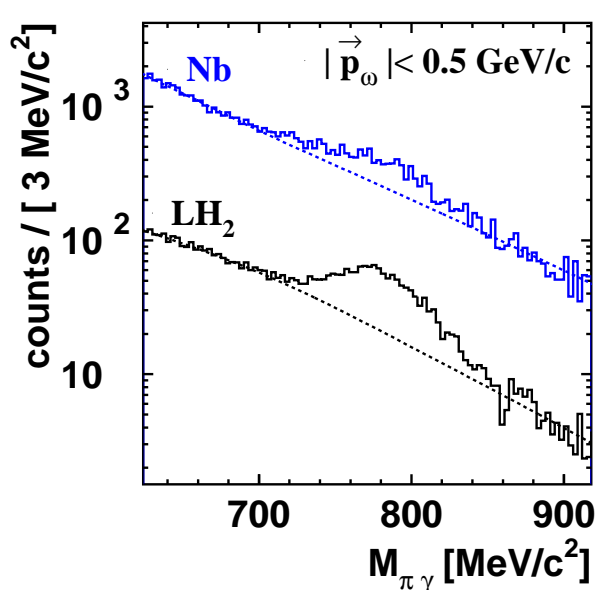
(D. Trnka et al., PRL 94 (2005) 192303)

◆ comparison: free proton - Nb nucleus

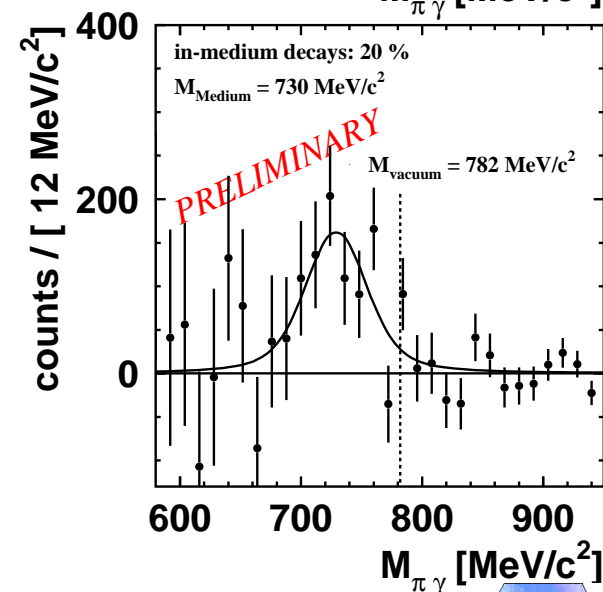
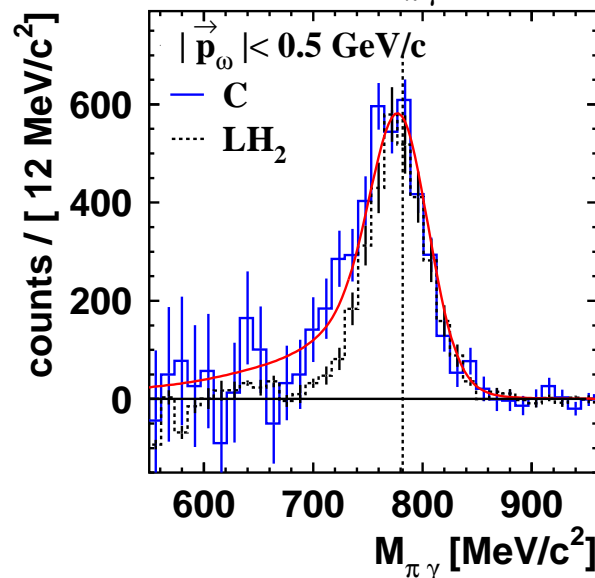


# invariant mass distributions: $\omega$ -mesons

- comparison: free proton - C, Nb nuclei (D. Trnka et al., PRL 94 (2005) 192303)



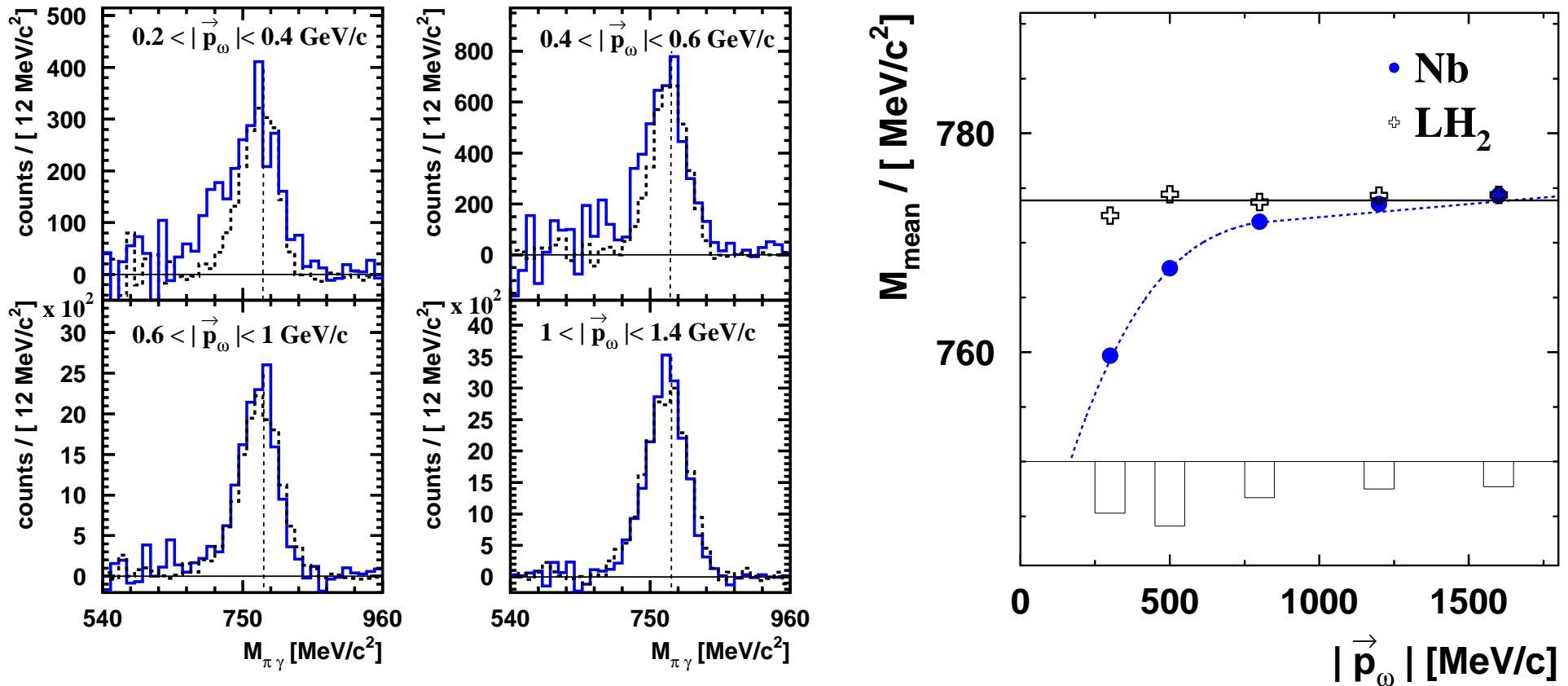
- first evidence for in-medium mass shift of the  $\omega$  meson



# invariant mass distributions: $\omega$ -mesons

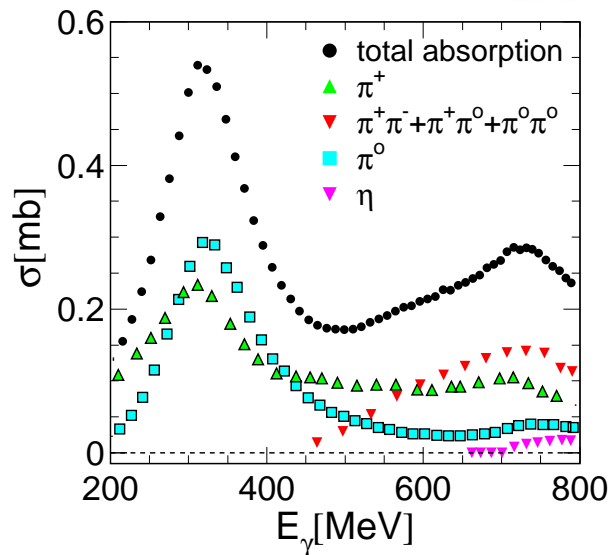
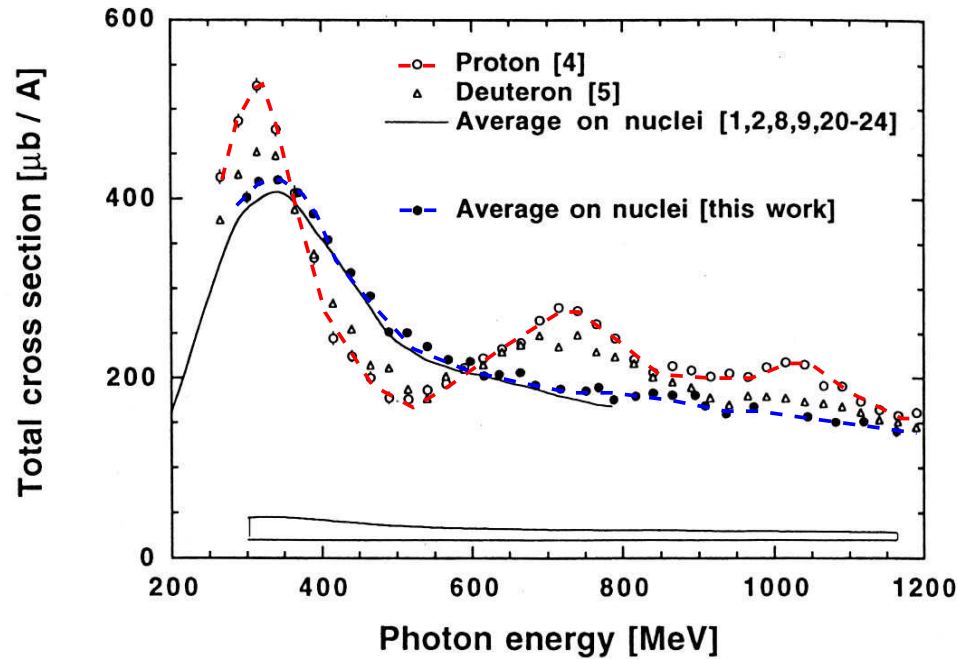
(D. Trnka et al., PRL 94 (2005) 192303)

◆ momentum dependence of mass shift

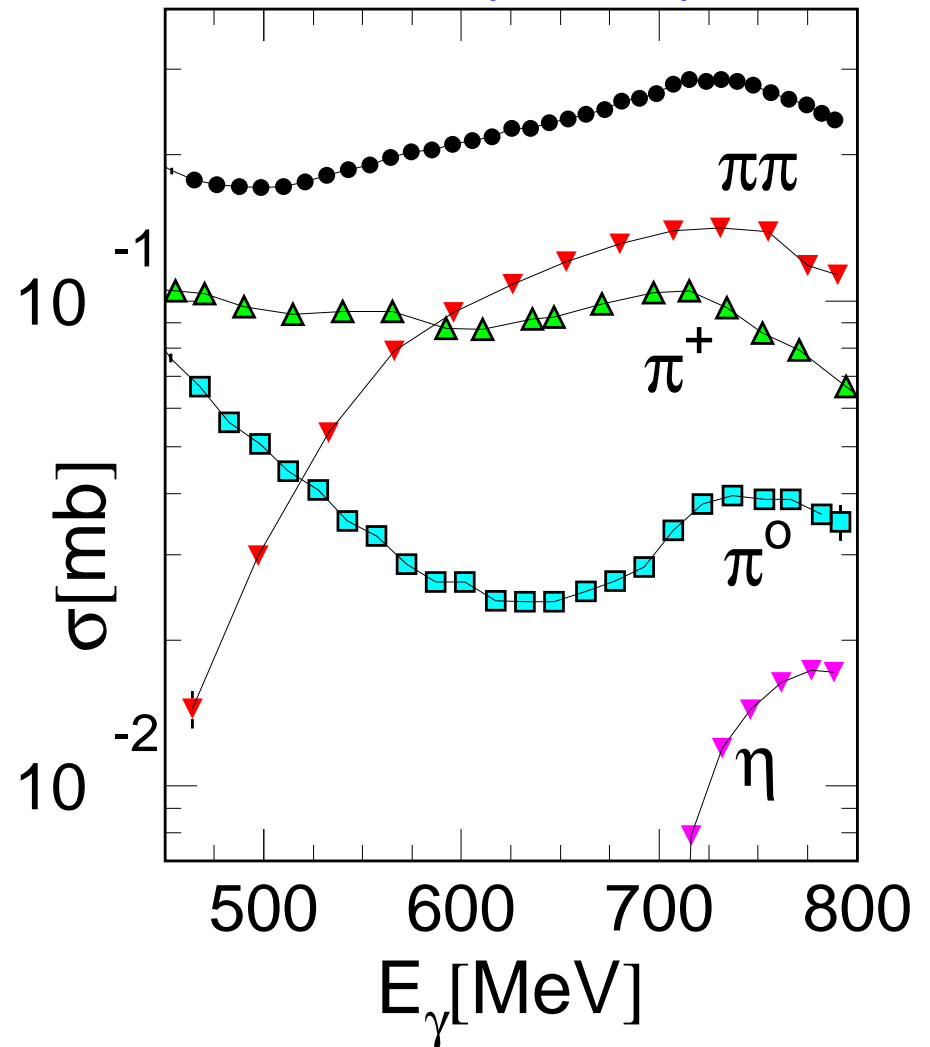


# the second resonance region - where are the resonances gone?

- total photoabsorption from nucleon and nuclei

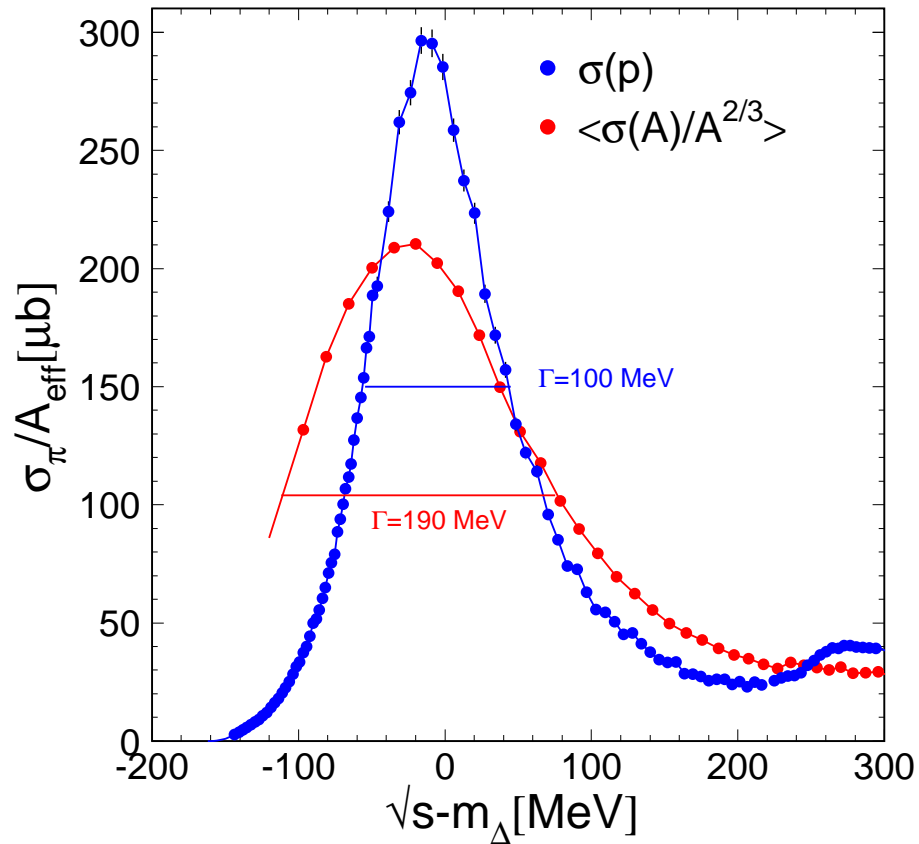


- partial cross sections in the second resonance bump of the proton

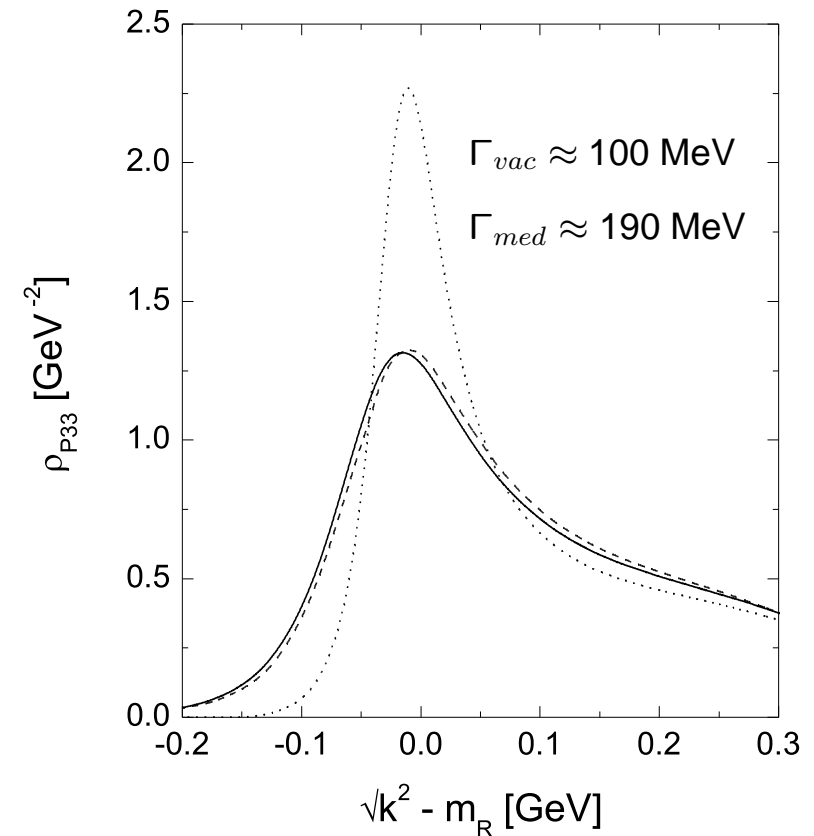


# single $\pi^0$ photoproduction and the $\Delta$ resonance

- total cross section in  $\Delta$  region



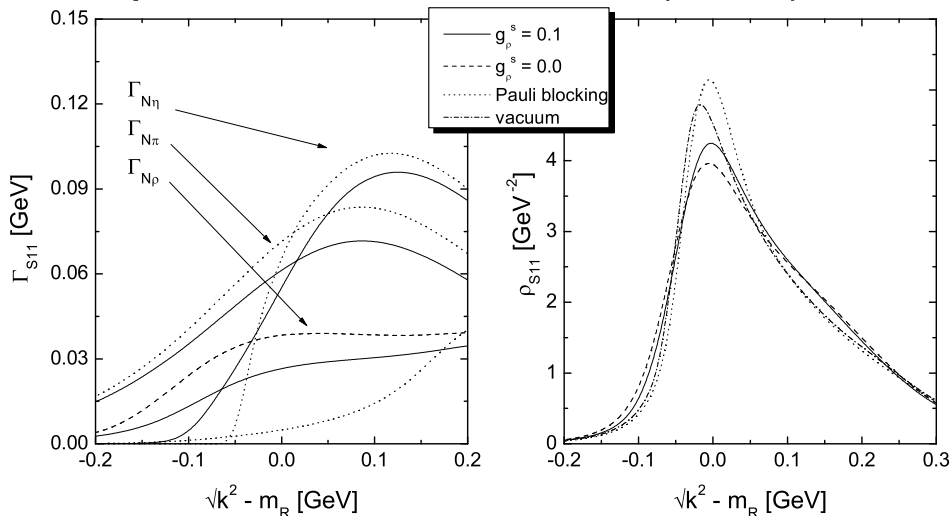
- predicted spectral functions (Post et. al.)



- broadening of  $\Delta$  to  $\approx 190$  MeV, comparable results found in analysis of coherent  $\pi^0$  photoproduction (Rambo et al., Drechsel et al., Krusche et al.)

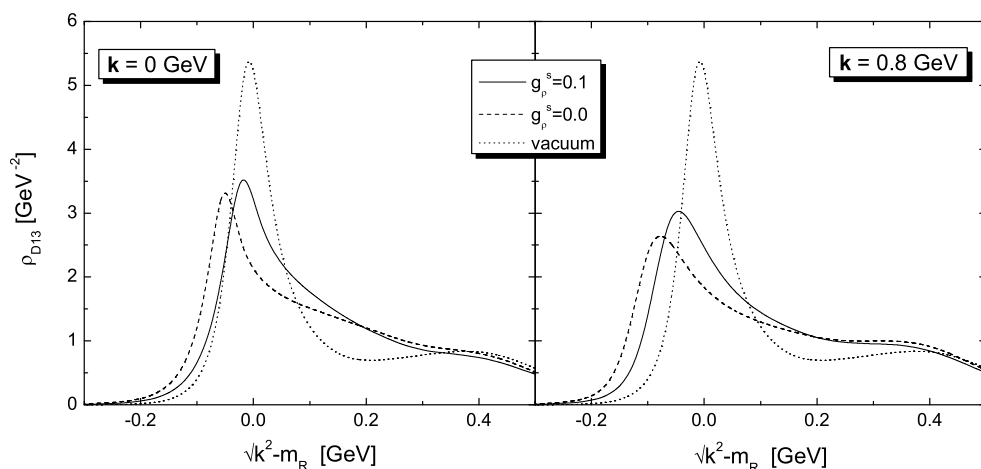
# in-medium spectral functions of nucleon resonances

## spectral function of $S_{11}(1535)$



$S_{11}(1535)$  spectral functions almost unmodified, largest effects from Pauli-blocking of  $N\eta$  channel and modified  $\rho$  spectral function.

## spectral function of $D_{13}(1520)$

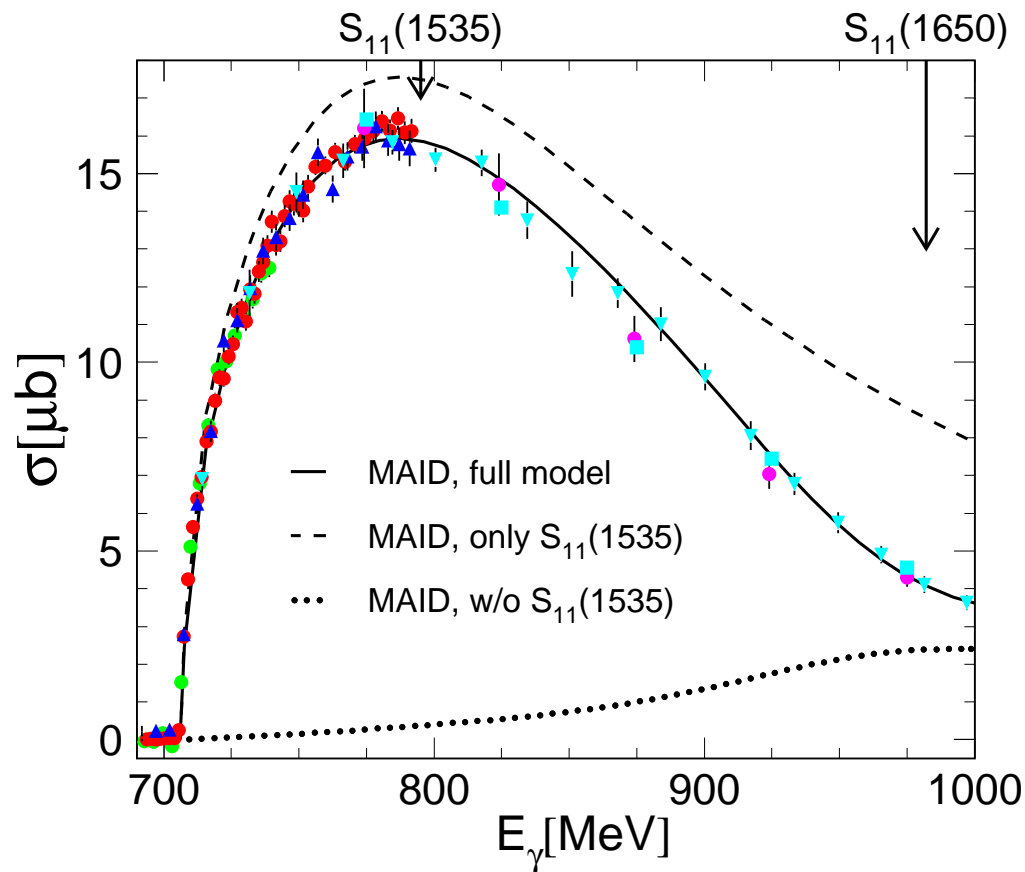


significant modification of  $D_{13}(1520)$  spectral function due to strong coupling to the  $N\rho$  channel

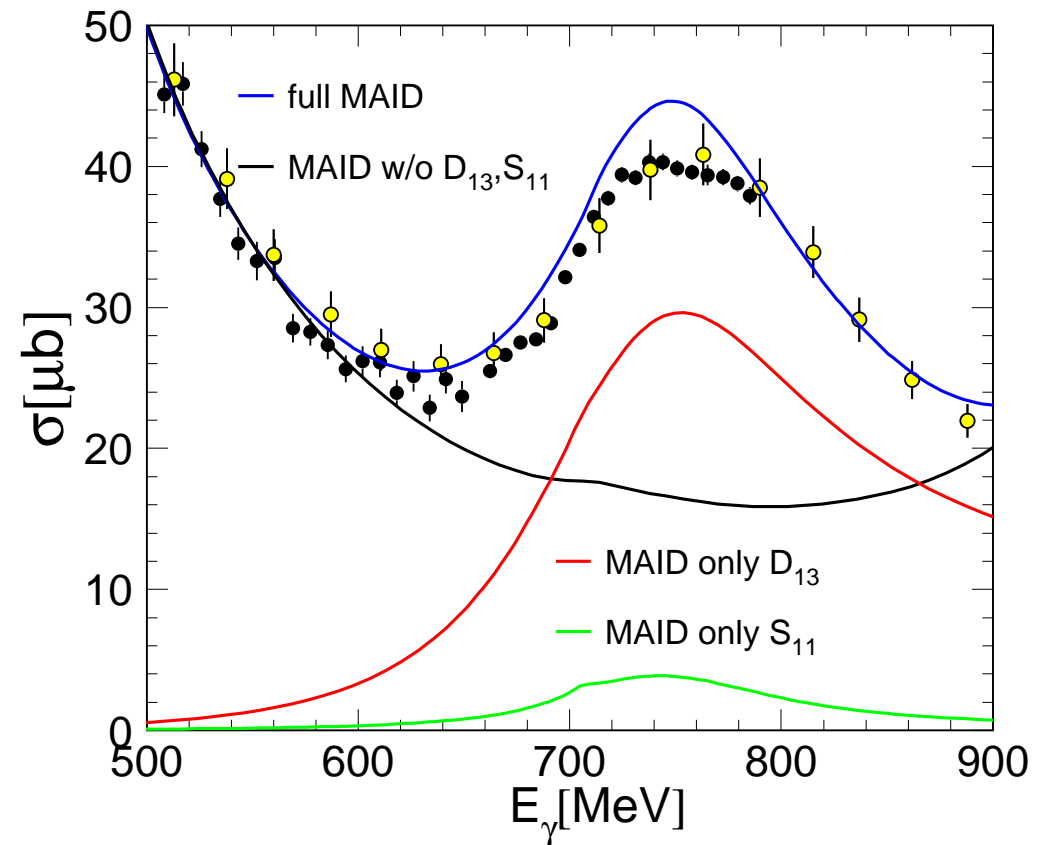


# contribution of resonances to $N\eta$ and $N\pi^0$

- ◆  $\eta$ -photoproduction:  
dominated by excitation of the  $S_{11}(1535)$  resonance

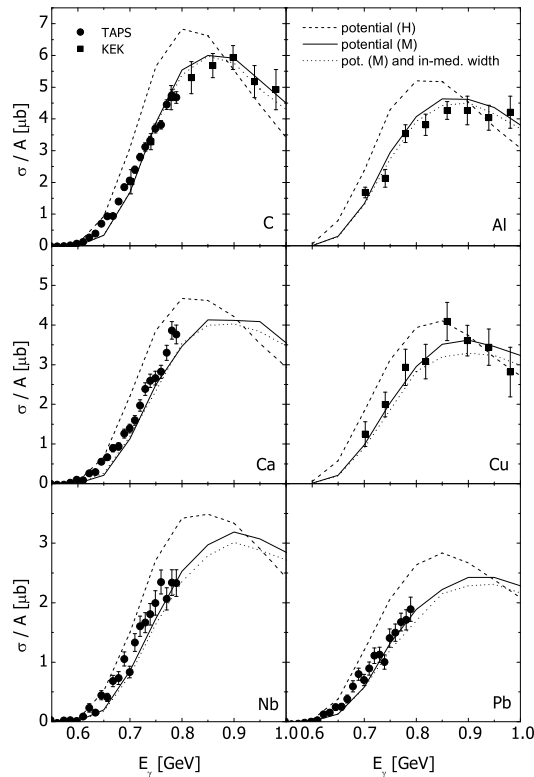
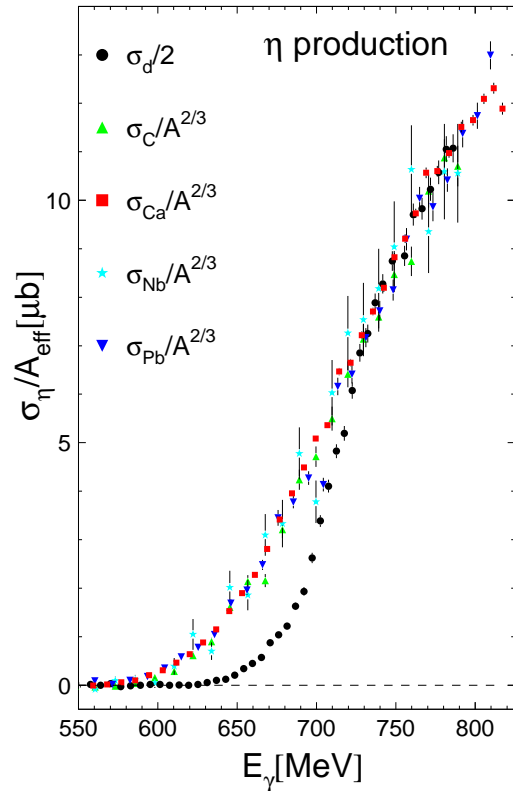


- ◆  $\pi^0$ -photoproduction:  
dominated by excitation of the  $D_{13}(1520)$  resonance

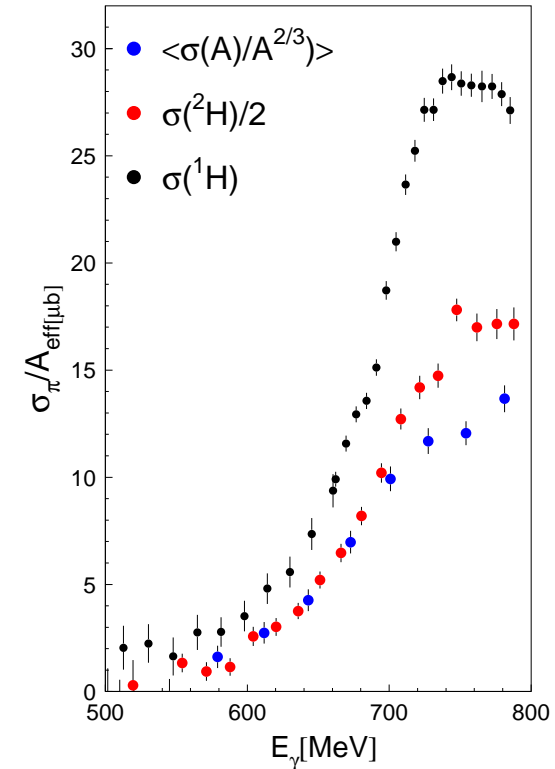
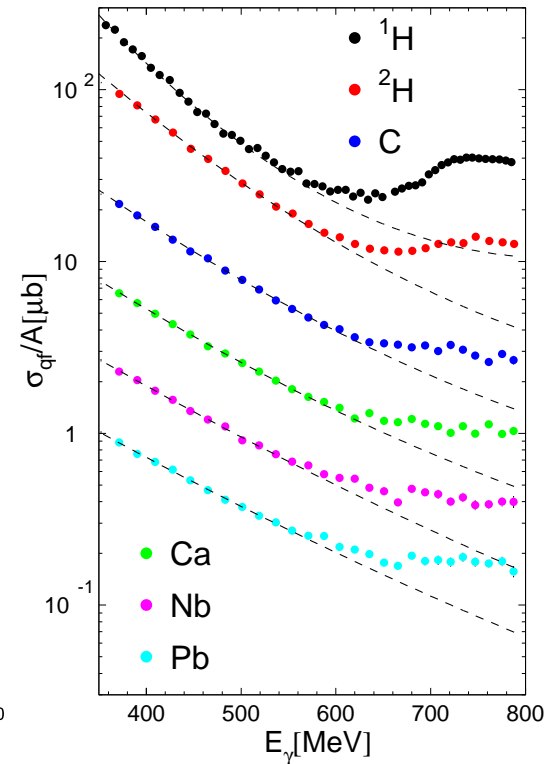


# $\eta$ and single $\pi^0$ production: $S_{11}$ and $D_{13}$ resonances

## $\eta$ production



## $\pi^0$ production



- perfect scaling with  $A^{2/3}$ , comparison to BUU calculation (Lehr et al.)
- no significant broadening, additional width of  $\approx 30$  MeV consistent with data

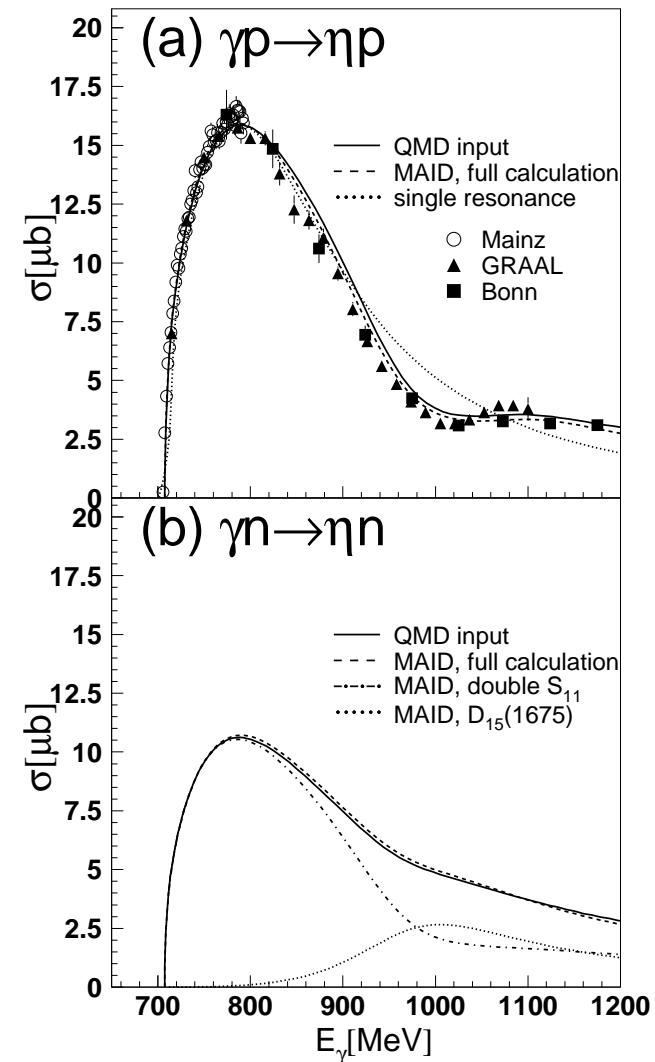
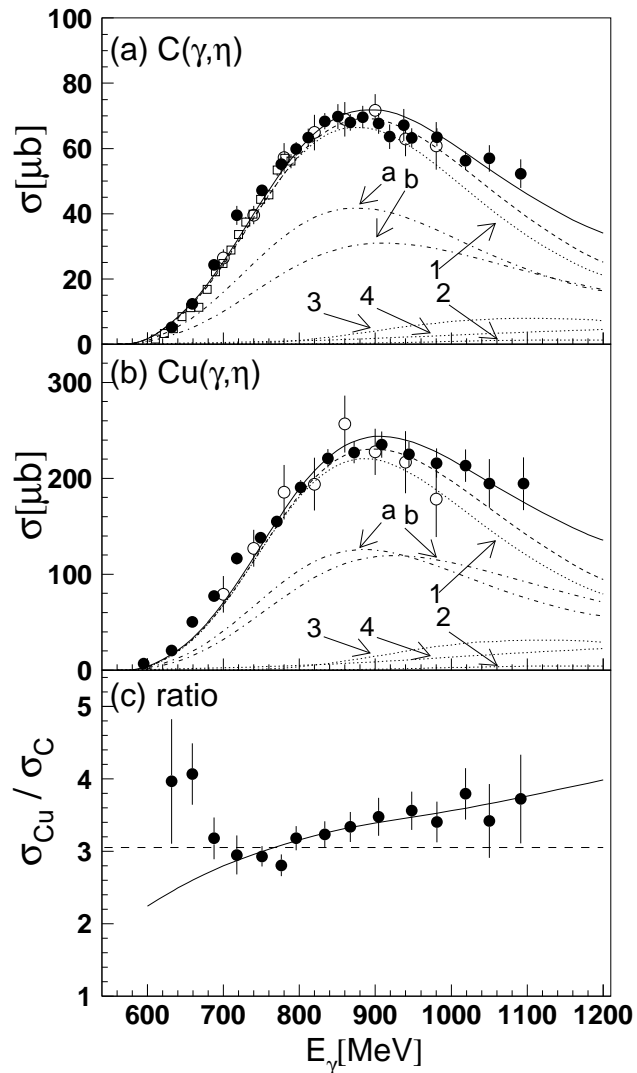
- suppression of the  $D_{13}$  peak (but already for d!)
- shape for nuclei could be consistent with predicted spectral function

# new results for $\eta$ photoproduction from nuclei

T. Kinoshita et al., nucl-ex/0509022

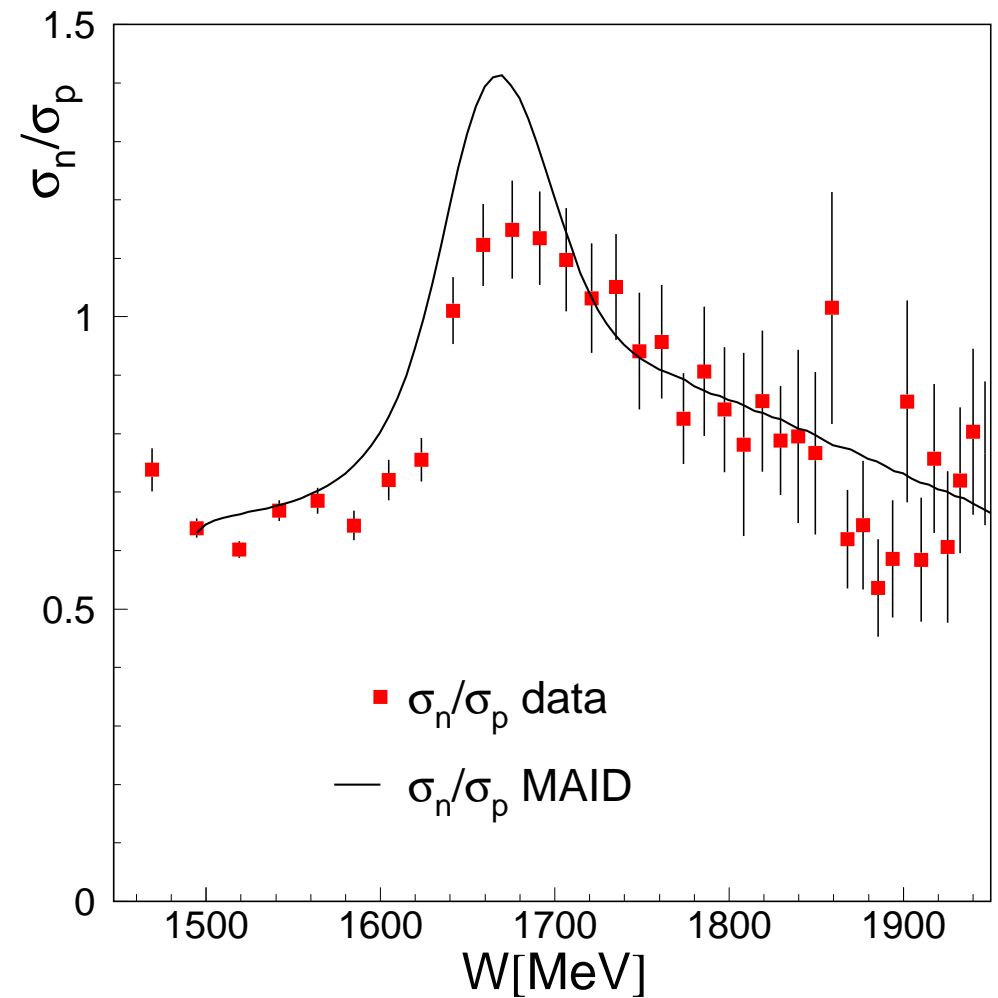
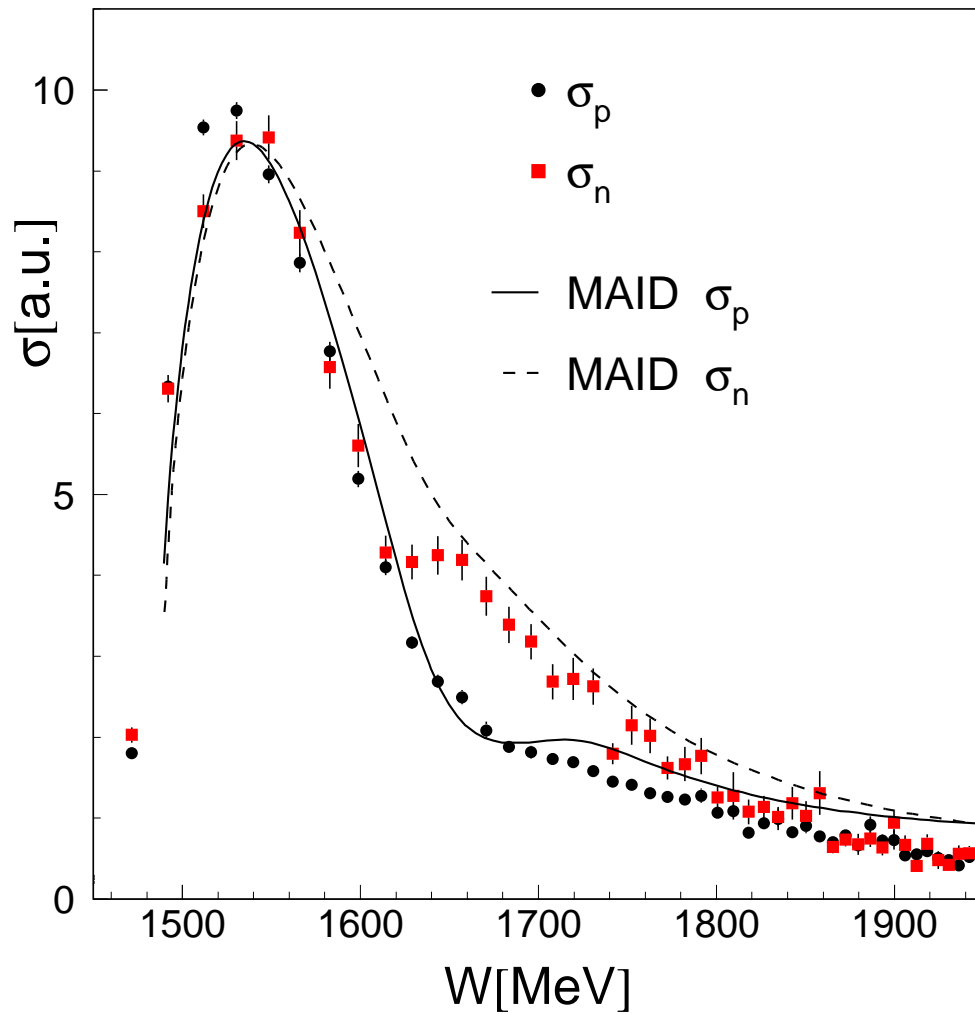
excitation functions for C, Cu

excitation functions for the nucleon



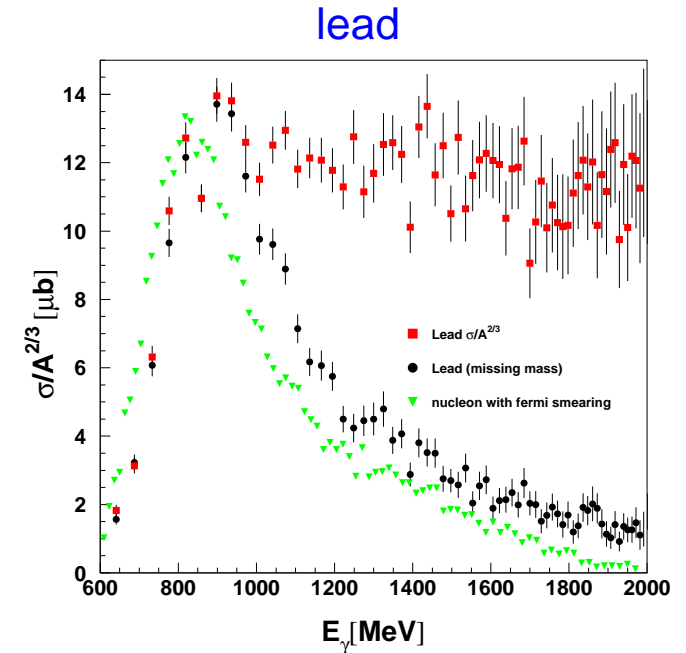
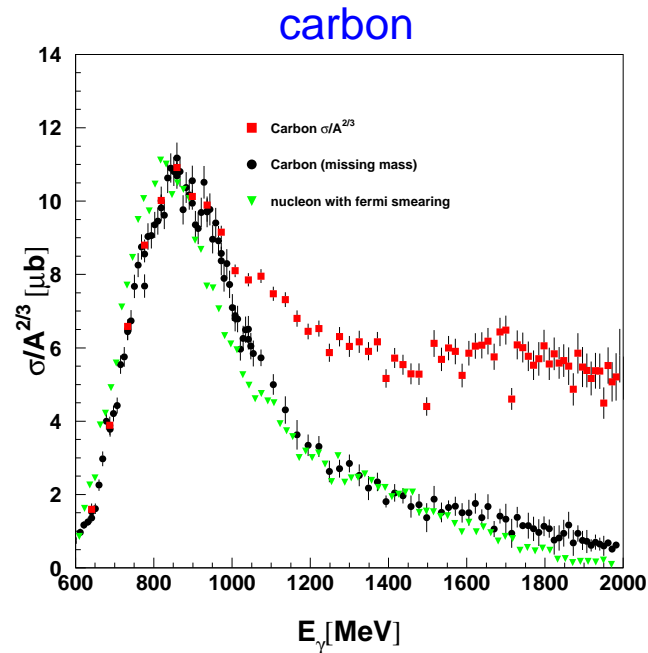
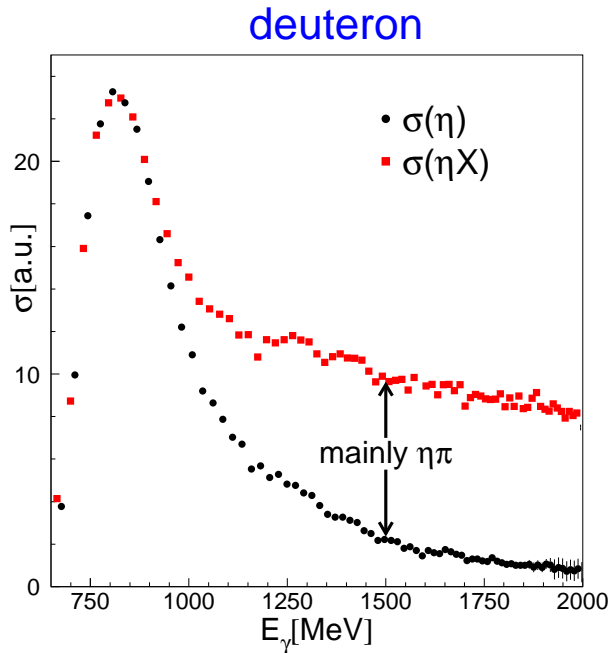
# quasifree $\gamma N \rightarrow N\eta$ total cross sections

Preliminary results from Crystal Barrel/TAPS@ELSA, I.Jaegle et al.

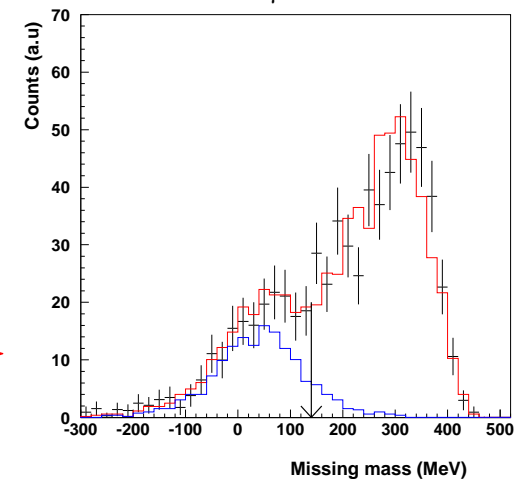


# total cross sections from nuclei

Preliminary results from Crystal Barrel/TAPS@ELSA, Th. Mertens et al.



- above 900 MeV photon energy strong contribution from  $\pi\eta$  final states (comparable for deuteron, carbon).
- for heavier nuclei increasing contributions from secondary processes like  $\gamma N \rightarrow \pi N$ ,  $\pi N \rightarrow \eta N$
- separation with cuts on reaction kinematics (missing mass)  $\Rightarrow$

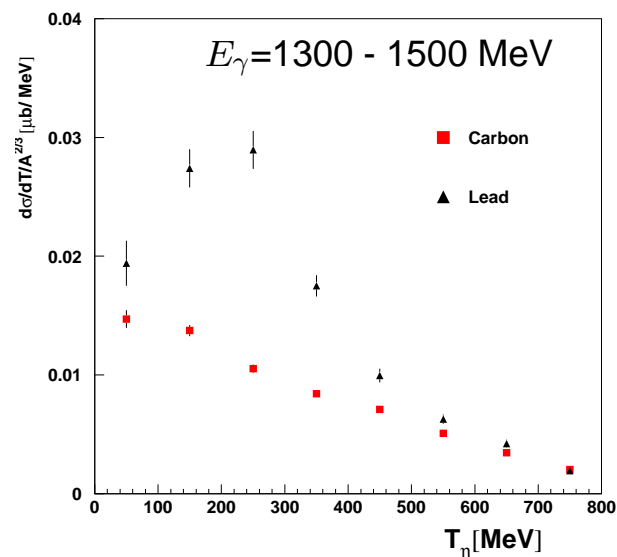
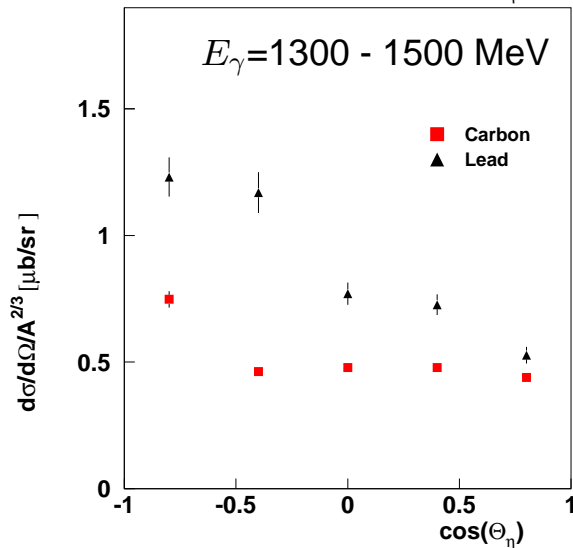
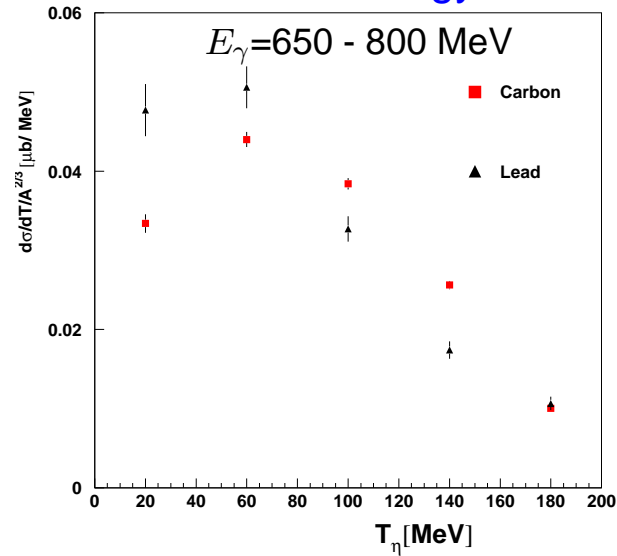
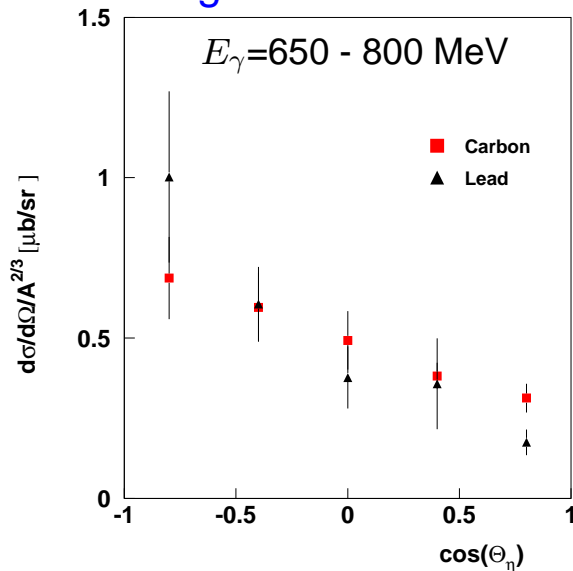


# angular and kinetic energy distributions from nuclei

Preliminary results from Crystal Barrel/TAPS@ELSA, Th. Mertens et al.

## angular distributions

## kinetic energy



- for high incident photon energies excess for lead from  $\eta$  mesons with small kinetic energy at backward angles in photon - nucleon cm-system
- behavior as expected for contributions from multi-step processes

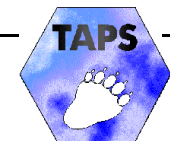
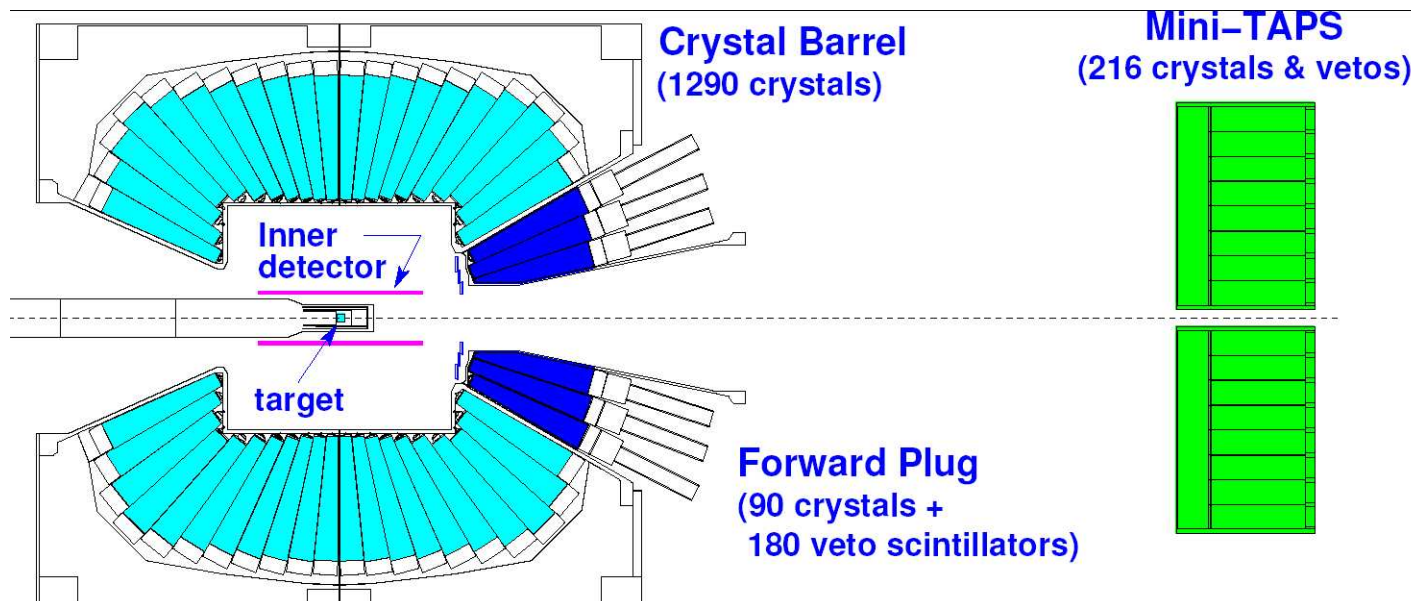
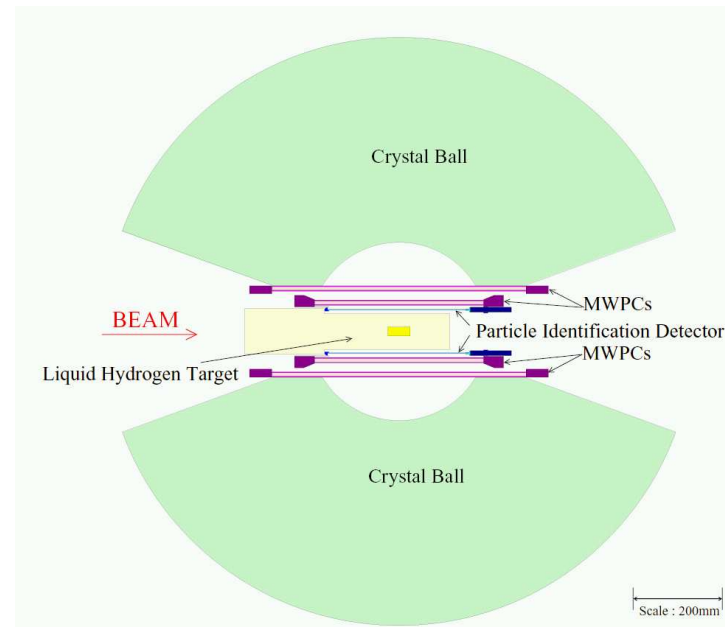
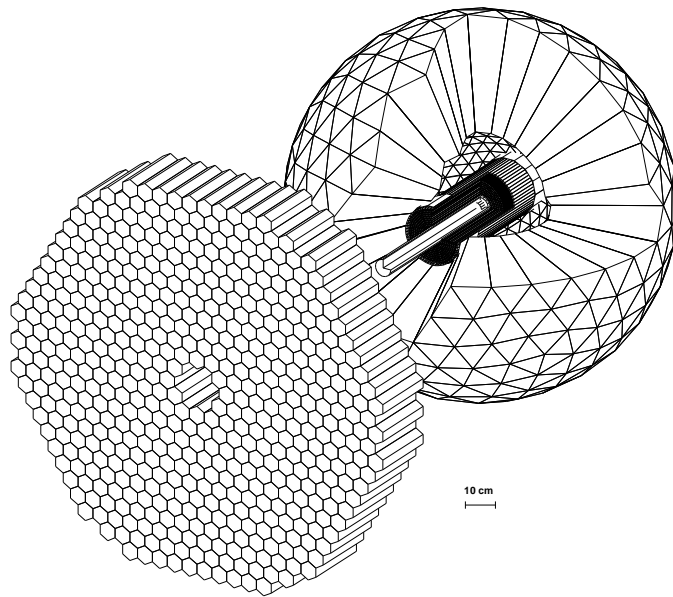


## summary and outlook

- ◆ pion and photon induced reactions show some evidence for in-medium modifications of scalar - isoscalar pion pairs (' $\sigma$ '-meson)  
- new high statistics data for photoproduction (CBall/TAPS@MAMI)-
- ◆ results for the photoproduction of  $\omega$  mesons from nuclei show first evidence for the predicted influence of the  $\omega$  in-medium spectral function on the line shape (CBarrel/TAPS@ELSA)  
-high statistics measurements proposed for CBall/TAPS@MAMI C-
- ◆ results for in-medium spectral functions of nucleon resonances consistent with predictions:
  - no significant effect on  $S_{11}$  resonance
  - some suppression of  $D_{13}$  resonance, but shape not yet established (lack of data above  $E_\gamma > 800$  MeV)



# experimental setups - Ball, Barrel and TAPS





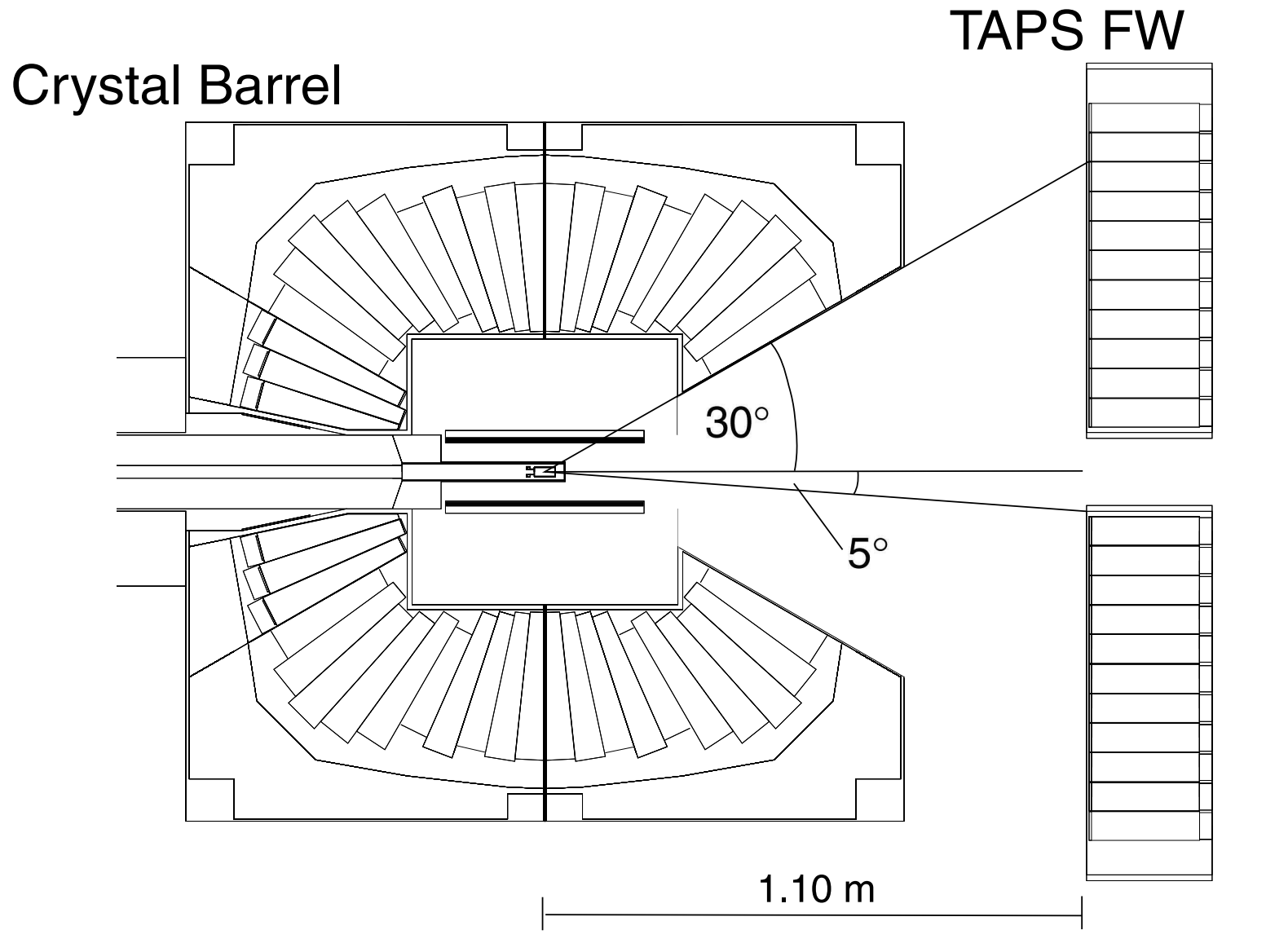


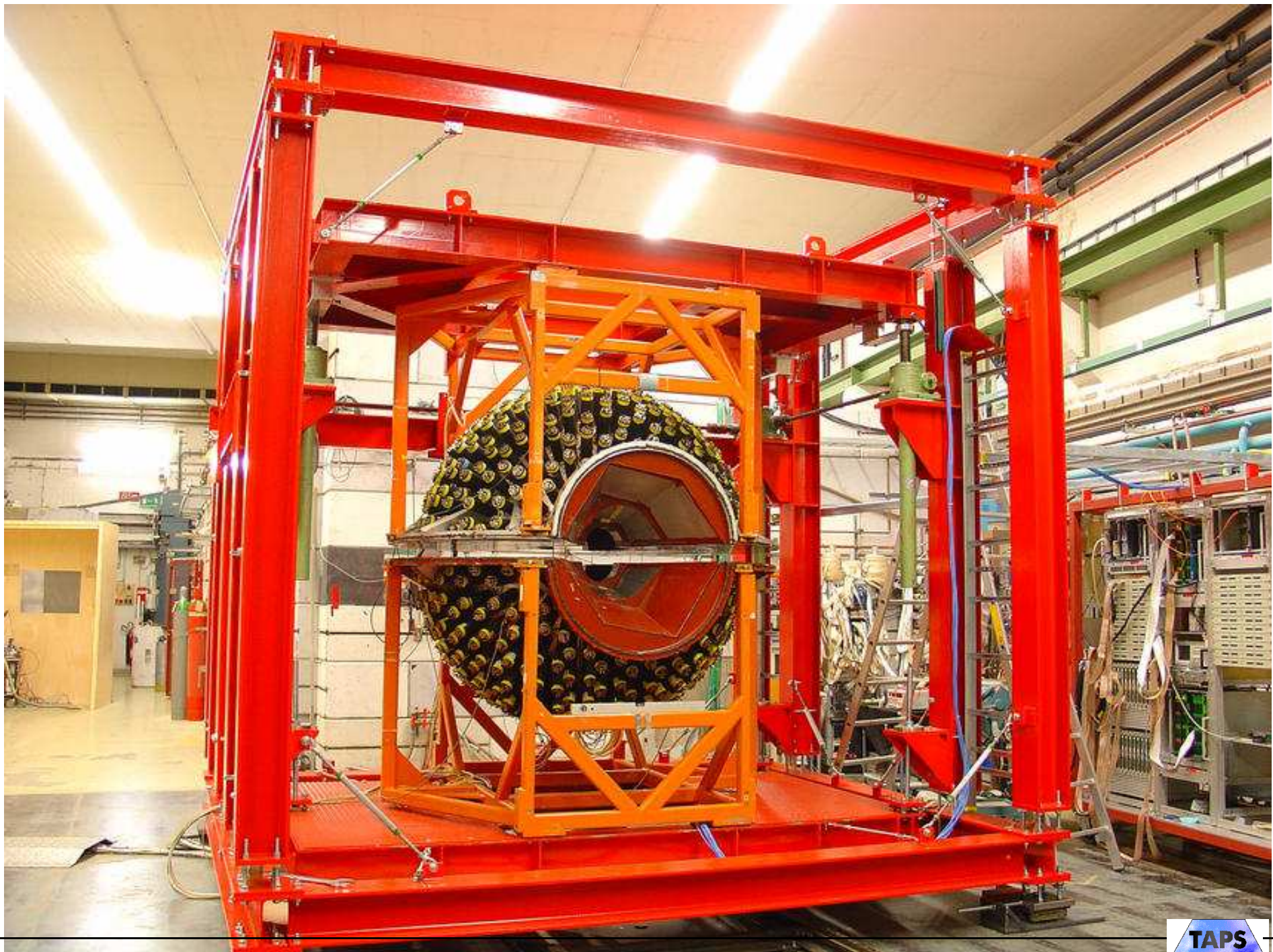


B. Krusche, Milos, September 2005



# CB ELSA Collaboration





*B. Krusche, Milos, September 2005*

